jointing as those of Eupronoë, yet the peduncle of the front pair is more slender and produced, the penultimate joint of the hinder antenna relatively shorter, since it scarcely equals a third of the preceding joint." In the shaft or peduncle of the front pair he includes, it must be remembered, what in this Report is regarded as the first joint of the flagellum. In regard to the jointing of the hinder antenna, it may be noticed that the third (first free) joint of the peduncle is shorter than the next joint in Eupronoë armata, Claus, and other species of Eupronoë, in the new species Parapronoë campbelli, and in the new genus Sympronoë, which includes Parapronoë parva, Claus, but in Parapronoë crustulum, Claus, and Parapronoë clausi, n. sp., this joint is longer than the next following.

Parapronoë campbelli, n. sp. (Pl. CLXXXIX.).

Head and person much compressed, head much shorter than person, pleon longer than head and person together; the first two segments of the pleon with the posterolateral angles acutely produced, the third segment with the angles not rounded but not produced; the fourth segment not very much shorter than the composite segment which follows; the body flecked with numerous spots of colour, which are orange in the preserved specimens, the first three segments of the pleon inscribed with numerous little longitudinal marks.

Upper Antennæ.—First joint of the peduncle broader than long, the two following joints short, all three strongly marked with hexagonal scale-markings; the first joint of the flagellum rather sharply bent, the upper margin having distally three pairs of filaments, the lower margin very convex, covered with a dense brush of filaments, the rounded apex not produced to the end of the small second joint, which from a narrow neck is a little dilated, and carries on the upper margin two pairs of filaments; the third joint is longer and more slender than the second, and has very near the apex a pair of short filaments.

Lower Antennæ.—The third (first free) joint of the peduncle long, a little curved, more than two-thirds the length of the next joint, the distal part wider than the proximal, the concave margin fringed with little filaments like the corresponding margin of the following joints; the long and narrow fourth joint a little widened at the distal end; the fifth joint a very little shorter than the fourth; the first joint of the flagellum slender, a little curved, scarcely more than half the length of the third joint of the peduncle, the filaments at and near the apex longer than elsewhere; the second joint minute, about a quarter of the breadth of the preceding joint, and scarcely twice as long as broad; to this succeeds a much smaller third joint tipped with three little setules.

Mandibles.—The trunk rather long and narrow, the cutting edge downward bent, with a prominent tooth at the top and another much smaller and sharper at the