- Gen. 5. Calamorhynchus, H. Streets, 1878, has the one species, "C. pellucidus, H. Streets, 1878."
- "Gen. 6. Rhabdonectes, n.," a name substituted for Rhabdosoma preoccupied, is thus defined :-
- "Body very elongated, rod-like. Head elongated, with a distinct neck, and a very long, needle-shaped rostrum. Tibiæ and carpi are linear, but periodically intumesced in the female. Seventh pair rudimentary. Ovitectrices wanting. Peduncles of uropoda very elongated and narrow. Telson very long, needle-shaped."
- The species assigned are "1. Rh. armatus, H. Milne-Edwards, 1840;" "2. Rh. Whitei, Spence Bate, 1862," the definitions given being inconsistent with Claus' view that the latter species is not distinct, but the male of the former. The name Macrocephalus, given to this genus by Spence Bate in 1858, had been used several times before, and therefore, like Rhabdosoma, must yield to Rhabdonectes.
- Fam. 14. Pronoide, Claus, 1879.
- Gen. 1. Pronoë, Guérin-Méneville, 1836, has the single species "P. capito, Guérin-Méneville, 1836." Gen. 2. Eupronoë, Claus, 1879, has five species, "1. E. maculata, Claus, 1879;" "2. E. minuta, Claus, 1879;" "3. E. brunnea, Dana, 1852," (it being apparently taken for granted that Eupronoë armata, Claus, is the same species); "4. E. macrocephala, n. sp.;" "5. E. ornata, n. sp." Gen. 2 [3]. Amphipronoë, Spence Bate, 1862, has the one species "A. cuspidata, Spence Bate, 1862." Amphipronoë serrulata, Streets, 1877, is not noticed. "Gen. 3 [4]. Parapronoë, Claus, 1879," receives four species, "1. P. crustulum, Claus;" "2. P. parva, Claus, 1879;" "3. P. agilis, n. sp.;" "4. P. atlantica, n. sp."
- Fam. 15. PARASCELIDÆ, Claus, 1879.
- Gen. 1. Thyropus, Dana, 1852, is tacitly substituted for the genus Tanyscelus of Claus, and receives three species, "1. Th. diaphanus, Dana, 1852;" "2. Th. sphæroma, Claus, 1879," [this being Claus' Tanyscelus sphæroma (Thyropus diaphanus, Dana?)]; 3. "Th. atlanticus, n. sp."
- Gen. 2. Parascelus, Claus, 1879, has the species "1. P. Edwardsi, Claus, 1879;" "2. P. typhoides, Claus, 1879;" "3. P. parvus, Claus, 1879;" "4. P. nasutus, n. sp."
- Gen. 3. Schizoscelus, Claus, 1879, has the species "1. S. ornatus, Claus, 1879;" "2. S. rapax, H. Milne-Edwards, 1830," the reference being to Milne-Edwards' Typhis rapax.
- Gen. 4. Euscelus, Claus, 1879, has one species, "E. robustus, Claus, 1879.
- Fam. 16. EUTYPHIDE, Dana, 1852."
- "Gen. 1. Eutyphes, Claus, 1879," (a note on the name, with which I by no means agree, explaining that "Typhis must be corrected to Typhes"), contains five species, "1. E. ovoides, Risso, 1816;" "2. E. armatus, Claus, 1879;" "3. E. globosus, Claus, 1879;" "4. E. ferus, H. Milne-Edwards, 1830," [Typhis ferus, M.-Edw.]; "5. E. forfex, n. sp."
- "Gen. 2. Dithyrus, Dana, 1852," which Claus makes a synonym of Eutyphis, is here re-established as a separate genus, tacitly superseding Hemityphis, Claus, of which it is made to include both the species; it receives in all four species, "1. D. faba, Dana, 1852;" "2. D. tenuimanus, Claus, 1879;" "3. D. crustulum, Claus, 1879;" "4. D. stellatus, n. sp."
- "Gen. 3. Paratyphes, Claus, 1879," has the spelling altered from Paratyphis, Claus. It receives the species "1. P. maculatus, Claus, 1879;" "2. P. Théeli, n. sp."
- Gen. 4. Tetrathyrus, Claus, 1879, has three species, "1. T. forcipatus, Claus, 1879;" "2. T. rectangularis, n. sp.;" "3. T. inscriptus, n. sp."
- Gen. 5. Amphithyrus, Claus, 1879, receives four species, the fourth being "A. inermis, n. sp."
- The new genera here constituted are nine in number, independently of those re-established or named afresh. Short descriptions are given of forty-five new species. The work contains diagnoses of the several families, which it will be more convenient to notice in the descriptive part of this Report.