

PLATE II.

Figs. 1, 2. *Clio (Creseis) conica* (Eschscholtz).

Fig. 1. Shell, from left side; magnified ten diameters.

Fig. 2. Embryonic shell, from left side.

Fig. 3. *Clio (Hyalocylrix) striata* (Rang). Embryonic shell, from ventral surface.

Figs. 4–6. *Clio polita* (Craven, MS.).

Fig. 4. Shell, from right side; magnified six diameters.

Fig. 5. Shell, from dorsal surface; magnified six diameters.

Fig. 6. Embryonic shell, from ventral surface.

Fig. 7. *Clio chaptali* (Souleyet). Embryonic shell, from ventral surface.

Fig. 8. *Clio australis* (d'Orbigny). Embryonic shell, from ventral surface.

Figs. 9–11. *Clio sulcata* (Pfeffer).

Fig. 9. Shell, from right side; magnified four diameters.

Fig. 10. Shell, from dorsal surface; magnified four diameters.

Fig. 11. Embryonic shell, from ventral surface.

Figs. 12, 13. *Cymbulia parvidentata*, n. sp.

Fig. 12. Shell, from anterior side; magnified two diameters.

Fig. 13. Shell, from posterior side; magnified two diameters.

Fig. 14. Larval shell of *Cymbulia*, from aperture, with operculum *in situ*.

Figs. 15, 16. *Cymbuliopsis ovata* (Quoy and Gaimard).

Fig. 15. Shell, from anterior side; magnified two diameters.

Fig. 16. Shell, from left side; magnified two diameters.

Fig. 17. Larval shell of *Gleba*, from aperture.