fin. Furthermore, the spire is proportionally much shorter in Limacina trochiformis, and the operculum has a form differing from that of all the other species in the large extent of its spiral portion (three-sevenths) and in the convexity of its columellar margin. In Limacina australis² the columellar margin of this operculum is almost rectilinear, and the spiral portion hardly attains to more than a third of the total length. Limacina trochiformis has certainly less affinity with Limacina australis than Limacina lesueuri, in spite of the depressed spiral of the latter.

As to Limacina retroversa, it is certainly more nearly allied to Limacina australis than Limacina trochiformis, but the characters which distinguish it from that form are quite distinct enough to be recognised as specific. Thus the umbilicus of Limacina retroversa, while quite distinct, is very narrow, in contrast to that of Limacina australis, which as we have seen is very broad. The spire is pointed in Limacina retroversa, but obtuse in Limacina australis, where the whorls are besides more convex, less numerous, and separated by a shallower suture. Even at first sight Limacina australis is distinguished from Limacina retroversa by the expansion of the last coil and by its projection beyond those in front. Finally, in Limacina retroversa the spiral portion of the operculum is much more reduced than that of Limacina australis.

8. Limacina retroversa (Fleming).

- 1788. (1) Turbo lunaris, Gmelin, Systema naturæ, i. p. 3587.
- 1823. Heterofusus retroversus, Fleming, On a reversed species of Fusus, Mem. Wern. Nat. Hist. Soc., vol. iv. p. 498, pl. xv. fig. 2.
- 1841. Limacina balea, Møller, Bemaerkninger til slaegten Limacina, Krøyer, Nat. Hist. Tidsskr., 1 Række, Bd. iii. p. 489.
- 1844. Peracle flemingii, Forbes, in Thompson, Report on the Fauna of Ireland, Rep. Brit. Assoc., 1843, p. 249.
- 1844. Scæa stenogyra, Philippi, Fauna Molluscorum utriusque Siciliæ, p. 164, pl. xxv. fig. 20.
- 1846. Spirialis stenogyra, Lovén, Index Molluscorum litora Scandinaviæ occidentalia habitantium, Översigt k. Vetensk.-Akad. Förhandl., 1846, p. 4.
- 1849. Spirialis flemingii and Spirialis macandrei, Forbes and Hanley, History of the British Mollusca and their Shells, vol. ii. pp. 384, 385, pl. lvii. figs. 4, 5, 6, 7.
- 1849. (?) Spirialis jeffreysii, Forbes and Hanley, Ibid., vol. ii. p. 386, pl. lvii. fig. 8.
- 1850. Limacina retroversa, Gray, Catalogue of the Mollusca in the collection of the British Museum, pt. 2, Pteropoda, p. 33.

¹ Souleyet, Voyage de la Bonite, Zoologie, Mollusques, pl. xiii. fig. 33.

³ Souleyet, Ibid., pl. xiii. fig. 24.

³ Sars, Mollusca regionis arcticæ Norvegiæ, pl. 29, figs. 2c, 3b.

⁴ Souleyet, Voyage de la Bonite, Zoologie, Mollusques, pl. xiii. fig. 23.

⁵ Sars, Mollusca regionis arcticæ Norvegiæ, pl. 29, figs. 2d, 3d.