and Kow.; from Vanikoro, Clavularia viridis, Q. and G., and Clavularia violacea, Q. and G.; Studer describes Clavularia rosea, Std., and Clavularia magellanica, Std., from Kerguelen and the Magellan Straits. Of the Challenger species, Clavularia tubaria was taken near Sombrero, Clavularia elongata at Station 78, and Clavularia cylindrica from off Nightingale Island.

Sarcodictyon, E. Forbes.

The only species of this genus, Sarcodictyon catenata, Forbes, is apparently only known from the coasts of Scotland.

Anthelia, Savigny.

The Anthelia glauca of Savigny, with other species briefly described by Ehrenberg, are from the Red Sea; Anthelia filippii, Kölliker, is from Guadeloupe; while Studer describes Anthelia capensis from the Cape of Good Hope; Anthelia desjardiana, Templeton, is recorded from the Isle of France.

Gymnosarca, Saville Kent.

The only known species, Gymnosarca bathybius, S. Kent, was dredged off Cezimbra, Portugal.

Cornulariella, Verrill.

The single species of this genus is described by Verrill as found at Casco Bay, Bay of Fundy, Gulf of St. Lawrence.

Telesto, Lamouroux.

Telesto aurantica, Lamrx., Telesto smithii, Gray, and Telesto trichostemma, Dana, have been found on the coast of Australia, the last in Torres Strait; Telesto arborea, occurs at Station 190, north of Torres Strait, and south of Arrou Islands. Telesto prolifera, v. Koch, occurs in the East Indies; Telesto ramulosa, Verrill, at Hong Kong. Telesto fruticulosa, Dana, is recorded from the coast of the United States; Telesto rupicola, F. Müller, was found by Fritz Müller at Brazil and by the Challenger at Bahia, while Telesto riisei, Duch. and Mich., is from Guadeloupe. Telesto trichostemma, Dana, was first described from the Fiji Islands.