Chorology of the Genus Psilaster.

a. Geographical distribution :---

ATLANTIO: Four species between the parallels of 75° N. and 40° S.

Psilaster andromeda, off the Scandinavian coasts, and off the British Islands, extending to the Bay of Biscay. Psilaster cassiope and Psilaster patagiatus, off the Cape Verde Islands. Psilaster acuminatus occurs in the extreme South Atlantic, in Simon's Bay, Cape of Good Hope.

PACIFIC: Two species between the parallels of 40° N. and 50° S.

Psilaster gracilis, off Japan. Psilaster acuminatus, off Australia and New Zealand.

B. Bathymetrical range: Shallow water to 1875 fathoms.

Four species, viz., Psilaster cassiope, Psilaster patagiatus, Psilaster andromeda, and Psilaster acuminatus are found in the Littoral zone; and the two last named pass through the Continental zone and extend into the Abyssal zone. Psilaster gracilis is confined to the Abyssal zone.

Greatest range of one species : Psilaster acuminatus, shallow water to 950 fathoms.

y. Nature of the Sea-bottom: Two species, Psilaster acuminatus and Psilaster gracilis, are found on Blue mud, the former also occurring on Green mud in 950 fathoms. Psilaster andromeda inhabits a clay bottom, sometimes sandy.

		ļ	Ocean.	Range in Fathoms.	Nature of the Sea-bottom.
Psilaster acuminatus		ſ	South Atlantic. South Pacific.	Shallow. 150 to 950	{ Green mud (950 fathoms). } Blue mud (150 fathoms).
Psilaster andromeda Psilaster cassiops .	·	. (North Atlantic. Atlantic	40 to 690	Clay, sometimes sandy.
Psilaster gracilis.		•	Pacific.	1875	Blue mud.
Psilaster patagiatus	•	а. А. А. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Atlantic.		

Chorological Synopsis of the Species.