

its antero-external angle; the post-abdomen in the male usually much narrower than the sternum at the base.

Genera:—*Ocypoda*, Fabricius; *Gelasimus*, Latreille; *Acanthoplax*, Milne Edwards (perhaps to be regarded as a subgenus of *Gelasimus*); *Cleistostoma*, de Haan; *Helæcius*, Dana.

## 2. Gonoplacinæ.

*Gonoplaces cancéroides*, Milne Edwards (pt.), Ann. d. Sci. Nat., ser. 3, vol. xviii. p. 162, 1852.

Carapace trapezoidal, with the antero-lateral angles produced and spiniform; the fifth joint of the endognath of the exterior maxillipedes articulated with the merus at its antero-internal angle; post-abdomen in the male occupying the whole width of the sternum, between the bases of the fifth ambulatory legs.

Genera:—*Gonoplax*, Leach, and *Ommatocarcinus*, White.<sup>1</sup>

## 3. Macrophthalminæ.

*Gonoplaces vigils*, Milne Edwards, Ann. d. Sci. Nat., ser. 3, Zool. xviii. p. 155, 1852.

*Macrophthalmina*, Dana, U.S. Explor. Exped., vol. xiii., Crust., p. 312, 1852.

Carapace transverse and quadrate, depressed, and dentated behind the antero-lateral angles, which are not greatly produced. Front narrow or of moderate width. The post-abdomen in the male does not cover the whole width of the sternum at the base, between the coxal joints of the fifth ambulatory legs. The fifth joint of the endognath of the exterior maxillipedes is articulated with the merus at or near its antero-external angle.

Genera:—*Macrophthalmus*, Latreille; *Euplax*, Milne Edwards (= *Chænostoma*, Stimpson, subgenus); *Hemiplax*, Heller; *Rhaconotus*, Gerstæcker; *Plyoplax*, Stimpson.

## Ocypodinæ.

*Ocypoda*, Fabricius.

*Ocypoda*, Fabricius (pt.), Entom. Syst. Suppl. p. 347, 1798.

„ Milne Edwards, Hist. Nat. Crust., vol. ii. p. 41, 1837; Ann. d. Sci. Nat., ser. 3, Zool. xviii. p. 141, 1852.

„ Kingsley, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad., p. 179, 1880.

„ Miers, Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist., ser. 5, vol. x. p. 376, 1882.

Carapace quadrate, moderately transverse and convex, with the dorsal surface closely granulated, the lateral margins entire, the cervical and cardiaco-branchial sutures in part

<sup>1</sup> The genus *Prionoplax*, Milne Edwards, which that author arranges with these genera, is, I think, better placed in the family Carcinoplicidæ; it is intermediate in structure between *Pseudorhombila* and *Macrophthalmus*.