

*Eurytium limosum* (Say).

*Cancer limosus*, Say, Journ. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad., vol. i. p. 446, 1817.

*Eurytium limosum*, Stimpson, Ann. Lyc. Nat. Hist. New York, vol. vii. p. 56, 1859.

„ „ A. Milne-Edwards, Crust. in Miss. Sci. au Mexique, pt. 5, p. 332, pl. lx. fig. 2, 1880, and references to literature.

Hungry Bay, Bermudas. A male and female were obtained in the Mangrove Swamps. In these specimens the notch in the middle of the frontal margin is obsolete; in other particulars they agree with the excellent description and figure of M. A. Milne-Edwards of this species.

The dimensions of these specimens are as follows:—

♂.	Lines.	Millims.
Length of carapace, . . . . .	6	12·5
Breadth of carapace, . . . . .	8½	17·5
♀.	Lines.	Millims.
Length of carapace, nearly . . . . .	8	16·5
Breadth of carapace, . . . . .	11½	24·5

*Pseudozius*, Dana.

*Pseudozius*, Dana (pt.), Amer. Journ. Sci. and Arts, ser. 2, vol. xii. p. 127, 1851; U.S. Explor. Exped., vol. xiii., Crust. 1, p. 229, 1852.

Carapace markedly transverse, depressed, with the dorsal surface nearly smooth, not lobulated, and with the teeth of the antero-lateral margins sometimes developed, sometimes obsolete; the sutures of the dorsal surface (except sometimes the postfrontal or mesogastric suture), are not distinguishable. The front is moderately deflexed, usually less than one-third the width of the carapace, and its anterior margin is sinuated or obscurely bilobate or quadrilobate; the orbits are small, with the margins entire. The ridges of the endostome or palate are wholly or partly developed. The post-abdomen in the male is distinctly seven-jointed (in the species I have examined). The eye-peduncles are set on very short pedicels. The antennules are transversely plicated. The basal peduncular joint of the antennæ is short, and does not attain the infero-lateral angles of the front. The ischium of the outer maxillipedes is not produced at its antero-internal angle; the merus is distally truncated, with the antero-internal angle scarcely, or not at all, emarginate, and the antero-external angle usually not prominent. The chelipedes in the adult male are moderately robust; carpus bluntly toothed on its inner margin, palm nearly smooth, rounded above, fingers toothed on the inner margins and distally acute. The ambulatory legs are of moderate length, with the joints smooth, slightly compressed, but not carinated.

This genus is very nearly allied to *Menippe*, de Haan,<sup>1</sup> from which it is scarcely

<sup>1</sup> Corresponds nearly to *Pseudocarcinus*, A. Milne Edwards; I propose to restrict this latter designation to the *Pseudocarcinus gigas* (Lamarck).