

West American Species.

Lambrus hyponcus, Stimpson. Panama, Mexico; Mazatlan. (This species establishes the transition to the next section).

2. Merus-joints of the ambulatory legs without distinct spines or tubercles—

Atlantic and Mediterranean Species.

Lambrus angulifrons (Latreille) = *Parthenope longimana*, Costa. Mediterranean (to 50 fathoms, Heller).

Lambrus serratus, Milne Edwards = *Lambrus crenulatus*, Saussure. West Indies (to 13 fathoms); Bahia.

Lambrus agonus, Stimpson. West Indies and Florida Straits (to 84 fathoms).

Lambrus guérinii, B. Capello. West Indies and Bahia; Mauritius (type). This species, it will be noted, is found in both the Atlantic and Indo-Pacific Regions.

West American Species.

Lambrus depressinoculus, Stimpson. Mexico; Manzanillo.

Indo-Pacific Species.

Lambrus pelagicus, Rüppell. Red Sea.

Lambrus turriger, Adams and White. Philippine Islands; Amboina (15 to 25 fathoms); Borneo; North and North-west Australia (to 36 fathoms).

Lambrus rhombicus, Dana. Vanua Levu, Fiji Islands.

Lambrus gracilis, Dana. Ovalau, Fiji Islands.

Lambrus nodosus, Jacq. and Lucas. North, North-east and West Australia; New Zealand.

Lambrus affinis, A. Milne Edwards. Indo-Pacific Region (Seychelles to New Caledonia).

Lambrus deflexifrons, Miers. Ceylon. (This species perhaps forms a distinct subgenus).

Lambrus contrarius (Herbst).

Cancer contrarius, Herbst, Naturgesch. der Krabben u. Krebse, vol. iv., Heft. 4, p. 8, pl. lx. fig. 3, 1804.

Lambrus spinimanus, Desmarest, Consid. sur la Classe des Crust., p. 36, pl. iii. fig. 1, 1825.

„ *contrarius*, Milne Edwards, Hist. Nat. Crust., vol. i. p. 354, 1834.

Samboangan, Philippines, 10 fathoms (a female).

The figure of Herbst is a very inexact representation of this species, if the specimens