The antennæ are broken off short on both sides of the body.

The mandibles appear to be without a palp.

The thoracic appendages agree with the generic description given above. The abdominal appendages are covered over by the operculiform first pair, which form a single plate as in allied forms.

The uropoda are entirely wanting.

Station 246, July 2, 1875; lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 178° 0′ E.; depth, 2050 fathoms; bottom temperature, 35°·1 F.; bottom, Globigerina ooze.

ADDITIONAL NOTE.

Besides the new species described in this Report there are a few Parasitic Isopoda, which I have not had time thoroughly to investigate and which may or may not be new to science. These are for the most part Bopyrids parasitic under the carapace of both Schizopods and Decapods, and a few have been referred to by Professor Sars in his Report on the Schizopoda, already published.

One species, apparently belonging to the genus *Hemioniscus*, was found in the larval stage attached to *Serolis cornuta*, on the dorsal surface of some of the anterior segments. It is, I believe, a rare occurrence to find an Isopod parasitic on an Isopod, at any rate only one instance is mentioned in Bronn's Klassen und Ordnungen des Thierreichs, where a full list of the parasitic forms and their distribution is given.