

<i>Argonauta argo</i> (also A. C. II. V. VII. IX. XI.).	<i>Sepia orbignyana</i> (also V.).
<i>Octopus vulgaris</i> (also I. III. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XIII.).	„ <i>ruppellaria</i> (also V.).
„ <i>granulatus</i> (also III. VI. VII. IX. XV.).	<i>Loligo vulgaris</i> (also I. V.).
<i>Eledone cirrosa</i> (also I. V.).	„ <i>affinis</i> .
<i>Sepiola rondeleti</i> (also I. V. VI.).	„ <i>macrophthalma</i> .
„ <i>atlantica</i> .	„ <i>microcephala</i> .
<i>Sepia officinalis</i> (also I. V. VI.).	„ <i>moulini</i> .
„ <i>filliouxi</i> (also V.).	„ <i>forbesii</i> .
„ <i>fischeri</i> .	„ <i>media</i> (also I. V.).
	<i>Ommastrephes crassus</i> .
	<i>Todarodes sagittatus</i> (also A. I. V.).
	<i>Illex coindetii</i> (also I. V.).

V. THE MEDITERRANEAN REGION.

The Mediterranean and Black Seas make up this region. Strictly speaking, here also a subdivision should be made, like that adopted in regard to the oceans, separating the pelagic from the littoral forms; but the distinction does not seem to be so clearly marked, perhaps owing to the subject not having been sufficiently investigated.

<i>Argonauta argo</i> (also A. C. II. IV. VII. IX. XI.).	<i>Sepiola rondeleti</i> (also I. IV. VI.).
<i>Ocythoe tuberculata</i> (also II.).	? „ <i>oweniana</i> (also XIII.).
<i>Tremoctopus violaceus</i> .	<i>Rossia macrosoma</i> (also I. XVII.).
„ <i>microstomus</i> (also A.).	<i>Heteroteuthis dispar</i> .
„ <i>ocellatus</i> .	<i>Sepia officinalis</i> (also I. IV. VI.).
? <i>Octopus vulgaris</i> (also I. III. IV. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X. XIII.).	„ <i>filliouxi</i> (also IV.).
„ <i>salutii</i> .	„ <i>orbignyana</i> (also IV.).
„ <i>tuberculatus</i> (also III. VI.).	„ <i>elegans</i> .
„ <i>de filippi</i> .	„ <i>ruppellaria</i> (also IV.).
„ <i>macropus</i> (also VI. VIII. IX. X.).	<i>Loligo vulgaris</i> (also I. IV.).
„ <i>alderii</i> .	„ <i>media</i> (also I. IV.).
<i>Scæurgus tetricirrus</i> .	<i>Thysanoteuthis rhombus</i> .
„ <i>titanotus</i> .	„ <i>elegans</i> .
„ <i>unicirrus</i> .	<i>Ommastrephes bartramii</i> (also A. B. II.).
<i>Eledone moschata</i> .	?
„ <i>cirrosa</i> (= <i>Eledone aldrovandi</i>) (also I. IV.).	„ <i>æquipodus</i> .
	„ <i>pteropus</i> (also A. I.).
	<i>Todarodes sagittatus</i> (also A. I. IV.).
	<i>Illex coindetii</i> (also I. IV.).