Summary.

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- I. 9 species found at depths down to 100 fathoms.
- II. 11 (or 12) species found between 100 and 250 fathoms.
- III. 13 (or 12) species found between 250 and 500 fathoms.
- IV. 7 species found between 500 and 700 fathoms.
- V. 4 species found between 700 and 1200 fathoms.
- VI. 8 species found between 1200 and 2000 fathoms.
- VII. 2 species found between 2000 and 2500 fathoms.

В.

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	1 spec	ies descend	ing from Tab	le I. to	II.
	1	,,	,,	I. to	III.
	2	,,	,,	I. to	IV.
	2	,,	,,	I. to	VI.
	2	,,	,,,	III. to	IV.
	1	,,	,,	III. to	VI.
	1	,,	,,	V. to	VI.
	1	,,))	VI. to	VII.

C.

9 species found at depths down to 100 fathoms.

14 (or 15)	>>		250	,,,
22	,,		500	

To these we may fairly add the two species of *Metacrinus* found near Singapore by one of the ships of the Eastern Telegraph Company, as it is improbable that they were living at a greater depth than 500 fathoms.

It has been the custom of late years, more especially since the discovery of *Pentacrinus wyville-thomsoni* and *Bathycrinus gracilis* by the "Porcupine," at 1095 and 2435 fathoms respectively, to regard the Stalked Crinoids as pre-eminently abyssal types, and as probably forming "rather an important element in the abyssal fauna." It will be apparent, however, from the statistics given above, that subsequent researches have not altogether confirmed these views. If, as Mr. Agassiz has done in his Report on the Echinoidea, we take the limit of the continental line at 500 fathoms, it appears from Summary C, that twenty-four of the thirty-two recent species of Stalked Crinoids, or 75 per cent., occur within this limit; while nine of these, living at depths less than 100 fathoms, may be called littoral.

Although numerous and extensive dredgings have been carried on in the abyssal zone (i.e., at depths below 500 fathoms) during the last fifteen years, Stalked Crinoids have

¹ The Depths of the Sea, p. 455.