Ophiacantha cosmica, III., IV.
Ophiolebes scorteus, III., IV.
Ophiomitra plicata, III., IV.
sarsii.
chelys, III., IV.
carduus.

Ophiambix aculeatus.
Ophiogeron edentulus.
Ophiohelus pellucidus.
Ophiotholia supplicans.
Ophiocreas abyssicola.

Number of Species in Table V., 69.

EPITOME.

							1
Species found in Table I., above 30 fathoms,						•	278
,,	" I	I., from 30 to 1	50 fathor	ns,	•	•	151
,,	,, II	I., from 150 to	500 fatho	oms,	•		137
1)	" IV	7., from 500 to	1000 fath	oms,	•	•	64
"	,, V	7., below 1000 f	athoms,	•			69
Species found only in Table I. above 30 fathoms,						•	226
,,	"	II. between	30 and 1	50 fath	oms,		69
,,	,,	III. between	150 and	500 fat	homs,	•	72
,,	,,	IV. between	500 and	1000 fa	thoms,	•	32
,,	,,	V. below 10	000 fathor	ns,	•	•	50
Species descending from Table I., II.,							52
,,	,,	I.–III.,	•			•	14
,,,	,,	IIV.,	(::•:			2
,,	,,	IV.,	•	•		•	1
,,	,,	II., III.,	•	•		•	30
,,	,,	II.–IV.,	•	•	•	•	5
,	,,	IIV.,	•	•		(i•)	2
,,	"	III., IV.,		•		•	20
,,	"	III.–V.,		•	•	•	13
,,	"	IV., V.,	•	•	•	•	5

Of about 500 species in the two families, the preceding tables show us that more than one-half (278) are found above the depth of 30 fathoms, and of these, that 226 species go no deeper, but cling close to the land, from low-water mark to 180 feet. The remaining fifty-two species descend not further than 150 fathoms, except fourteen, whose depth is less than 500, again excepting two species that go lower than 500 but do not reach 1000 fathoms. Below this last point only one littoral Ophiuran has been found, Ophiacantha bidentata. Of the 151 species found between 30 and 150 fathoms, sixtynine are not found either above or below; two descend from below 30 to below 1000 fathoms; five to below 500; and thirty to below 150 fathoms. A nearly equal number