

The meaning of the letters is the same throughout.

<i>a</i>	Oral opening.	<i>oh</i>	Auditory hairs ("setulæ acusticæ").
<i>bg</i>	Perradial gastral pouches.	<i>ok</i>	Auditory clubs (cordyli).
<i>bl</i>	Lobe pouches (ovaries).	<i>ok,</i>	Larger perradial auditory clubs.
<i>ck</i>	Peronial canals.	<i>ok,,</i>	Smaller adradial clubs.
<i>cm</i>	Marginal canals.	<i>ol</i>	Otolites.
<i>d</i>	Endoderm.	<i>oo</i>	Otoporpæ.
<i>du</i>	Umbral epithelium of the festoon canal.	<i>op</i>	Auditory pad in the peduncle of the auditory club.
<i>dw</i>	Subumbrella epithelium of the festoon canal.	<i>q</i>	Ectoderm.
<i>cc</i>	Coronal furrow of the exumbrella	<i>qe</i>	Ectoderm of the exumbrella.
<i>en</i>	Peronia or umbrella clasps.	<i>qw</i>	Ectoderm of the subumbrella.
<i>er</i>	Perradial ribs of the exumbrella.	<i>r</i>	Nerves.
<i>es</i>	Peronial furrow of the exumbrella.	<i>rc,</i>	Dorsal nerve ring.
<i>gc</i>	Central stomach.	<i>rc,,</i>	Ventral nerve ring.
<i>gt</i>	Œsophagus.	<i>s</i>	Ovaries.
<i>gu</i>	Umbral wall of the central stomach.	<i>so</i>	Egg cells.
<i>gw</i>	Subumbral wall of the central stomach.	<i>t</i>	Tentacles.
<i>h</i>	Umbrella cavity.	<i>tr</i>	Tentacle root.
<i>hl</i>	Cavities of the marginal lobes.	<i>u</i>	Umbrella.
<i>mp</i>	Peronial muscle (perradial).	<i>uf</i>	Elastic fibres of the umbrella.
<i>mv</i>	Circular muscles of the velum.	<i>ug</i>	Gelatinous substance of the umbrella.
<i>mw</i>	Circular muscles of the subumbrella.	<i>v</i>	Velum.
<i>n</i>	Urticating organs.	<i>ve</i>	Exumbral epithelium of the velum.
<i>nb</i>	Urticating swelling at the base of the tentacle.	<i>vw</i>	Subumbral epithelium of the velum.
<i>nc</i>	Urticating ring of the umbrella margin.	<i>z</i>	Supporting (fulcrum).
		<i>zv</i>	Supporting plate of the velum.
		<i>zw</i>	Supporting plate of the subumbrella.

Fig. 1. Ventral view of the entire Medusa (from below), with folded collar lobes and tentacles, fifteen times the natural size.

Fig. 2. Dorsal view of the entire Medusæ, with collar lobes extended flatly, ten times the natural size.

Fig. 3. Profile view of the entire Medusa, with stiffly extended collar lobes and extended œsophagus, fifteen times the natural size.

Fig. 4. A collar lobe (or a quadrant of the umbrella collar), with the surrounding parts, flatly extended, thirty times the natural size.

Fig. 5. Horizontal transverse section through a peronial furrow, and the peronium lying in it, greatly enlarged.

Fig. 6. Radial section through a quadrant of the umbrella, projected semi-diagrammatically, twenty-five times the natural size.

Fig. 7. Radial section through the umbrella margin and the auditory club with peronium lying on it, greatly enlarged.

Fig. 8. An auditory club, with the peronium belonging to it, and the surrounding part of the umbrella margin, greatly enlarged.