Œnops falklandica, the differential character relied upon, which is, apparently, merely the slight greyish-brown margination of the secondaries, appears to us to be insufficient.

Eggs of this bird were obtained by the Challenger naturalists. They have already been described by Mr Gould (Proc. Zool. Soc., 1859, p. 93).

27. Nycticorax obscurus, Bp.

Nycticorax obscurus, Scl. et Salv., Nomencl., p. 126; Proc. Zool. Soc., 1878, p. 436. Nycticorax americana, Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc., 1859, p. 96.

No. 655. Female. Tom Harbour.

Eyes orange; feet greenish-yellow. Stomach had fish.

No. 666. Female. Porto Bueno.

Eyes orange.

No. 737. Female. Falkland Islands.

Eyes yellow. Stomach had crustacea.]

Eggs of this species were obtained. They have been already described by Mr Gould (l.c.)

28. Theristicus melanopis, Gm.

Theristicus melanopis, Scl. et Salv., Nomencl., p. 127; Proc. Zool. Soc., 1878, p. 436.

[No. 691. Male. No. 692. Female. Sandy Point.

Female, eyes red; feet pink; bill black.

Male, eyes yellow; bill green; legs pinkish with black scales.]

29. Bernicla antarctica, Gm.

Bernicla antarctica, Gm.: Scl. et Salv., Nomencl., p. 128; Proc. Zool. Soc., 1878, p. 436

No. 632. Male.
No. 633. Female.
No. 634. Young.
No. 635. Young.
Penguin Islands. Messier Channel.

Eyes brown; feet yellow; bill of male black, of female flesh colour; bill of young dark; feet grey-brown. Stomachs had pieces of small stones, shells, and sea-weed."

No. 736. Female. Falkland Islands.]

The two goslings (634, 635, obtained January 1) are just changing their down, and present the black back, brown head, and barred wings and under surface of the adult female partially developed. The sex is not noted in either of them.