

I named this Ki Island's species (*l.s.c.*) before seeing a fully adult bird, feeling quite confident, from Schlegel's description, that it was really distinct. I have recently examined the adult specimens contained in the Leyden Museum, and I am satisfied that the Ki Island's bird belongs to a peculiar form. I shall now give a full description of the adult bird collected during the Challenger Expedition, and shall proceed afterwards to point out its principal differences from the allied forms.

Capite rufo-vinaceo, sincipite et genis pallidioribus; vertice et occipite griseo-fulvescentibus; collo postico viridi et purpureo nitente, conspicus cinerascente; dorso, uropygio, supra-caudalibus alarumque tectricibus exterioribus brunneo-cinnamomeis, punctulis nigris obsoletis adspersis; gula rufescens-albida; collo antico et pectore summo vinaceis, fasciolis transversis nigris notatis; pectore imo et abdomine albido-fulvescentibus, fasciolis transversis nigris notatis; abdominis lateribus et subcaudalibus brevioribus pallide cinnamomeis, nigro transfasciolatis; subcaudalibus longioribus et tectricibus alarum inferioribus cinnamomeis unicoloribus; remigibus fuscis, exterius cinnamomeo limbatis; cauda superne brunneo-griseo-fulvescente, inferne pallidiore et magis griseo-fulvescente; rectricibus tribus utrinque lateralibus partim late rufis, fascia lata subapicali nigra notatis; rostro nigro; pedibus rubris.

Long. tot. circa 0^m.370; al. 0^m.018; caud. 0^m.190; rostr. 0^m.018; tarsi 0^m.021.

This species is intermediate between *Macropygia amboinensis*, Linn., and *Macropygia doreya*, Bp.

It differs from *Macropygia amboinensis* (which it much resembles in the light underparts) :—

- 1st. In the greyish tinge of the vertex, of the occiput, and of the hind neck;
- 2d. In the more vinaceous colour of the front neck;
- 3d. In the more whitish underparts;
- 4th. In the darker hue of the back;
- 5th. In the larger dimensions.

From *Macropygia doreya*, Bp., to which it bears a great resemblance in the upper parts, it differs :—

- 1st. In the more greyish hind neck;
- 2d. In the much less vinaceous front neck and upper breast;
- 3d. In the more whitish underparts;
- 4th. In the lighter and more greyish tail;
- 5th. In the larger dimensions.

13. *Tringoides hypoleucus*, Linn.

Tringoides hypoleucus, Linn.: Salvad., Proc. Zool. Soc., 1878, p. 90.

[No. 285. Eyes black. Stomach contained portions of shells.]