

Corvus philippinus belongs to a small group of crows differing but little from one another in tint, but separable by their dimensions, more especially that of the bills. *C. violaceus* is the smallest, then come *C. enca*, *C. philippinus*, *C. validus*, and *C. validissimus*.

35. *Calornis panayensis*, Scop.

Muscicapa panayensis, Scop., Del. Fl. Faun. Insubr., vol. ii. p. 96, No. 110, 1786.

Calornis panayensis, Walden, Trans. Zool. Soc., vol. ix. p. 205; Proc. Zool. Soc., 1877, pp. 549, 763, 831; 1878, pp. 113, 287, 343, 622, 710, 951; 1879, p. 72.

[No. 384, ♂.]

No. 385, ♂.] Camiguin. Eyes orange. Stomach had seeds.]
No. 386, ♂.]

These examples do not differ from Luzon, Negros, and Zebu individuals. The locality is new.

36. *Munia jagori*, Cab.

Dermophrys jagori, Cab. J. für O., 1872, p. 316, No. 6.

Munia jagori, Walden, Trans. Zool. Soc., vol. ix. p. 207; Proc. Zool. Soc., 1877, pp. 549, 699, 764, 832; 1878; pp. 287, 343, 710, 951.

[No. 339, ♂.]

Samboangan. Eyes brown. Stomach had seeds.]

No. 340, ♀.]

The two Mindanao examples do not appear to be in perfect dress. The rectrices of the female are tinged with ochre. New to Mindanao.

37. *Osmotreron axillaris*, G. R. Gray.

Treron axillaris, G. R. Gray: Bp., Compt. Rend., vol. xxxix. p. 875, 1854.

Osmotreron axillaris, Walden, Trans. Zool. Soc., vol. ix. p. 211; Proc. Zool. Soc., 1878, pp. 549, 699, 764, 832; 1878, pp. 113, 287.

[No. 346, ♀. Iloilo. Eyes white; feet greenish. Stomach had fruit.]

New to Panay.

38. *Phabotreron brevirostris*, Tweedd. (Pl. VI.).

Phabotreron brevirostris, Tweeddale, Proc. Zool. Soc., 1877, pp. 549, 832; 1878, pp. 113, 344, 952; 1879, p. 73.

[No. 426, ♂. Pasananca. Eyes white; feet coral-red; bill black.]

♂. Forehead pale ruddy fulvous; vertex pale grey, passing over into amethystine on the occiput and nape; from the gape, passing below the eye, a black line, bordered underneath by a white line starting from below the eye and reaching to the nape; back of the neck emerald-green, becoming yellow-green lower down; some of the lowermost feathers being amethystine, then bluish green, terminated by yellow-green; others yellow-green,