

*Bryonia* sp. (aff. *Bryonia laciniosa*, Linn.)

TIMOR LAUT.—Probably only a variety of *Bryonia laciniosa*, which is generally spread in the tropics of the Old World.

## FICOIDEÆ.

*Sesuvium portulacastrum*, Linn.

*Sesuvium portulacastrum*, Linn.; Benth., Fl. Austr., iii. p. 328; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., ii. p. 659; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 1, p. 1060 (*Sesuvium repens*, Willd.); Nadeaud, Enum. Pl. Tahiti, p. 67; Guillemain in Ann. Sci. Nat., sér. 2, vii. p. 350.

MARU.—This perennial herb is common, especially on sandy sea-shores throughout tropical and subtropical regions, including many remote islands; as the Bermudas, Ascension, St Helena, Easter Island, the Sandwich Islands, the Phoenix group, &c. It often grows where it is covered at high water. In the Galapagos is a species, *Sesuvium edmonstonei*, which is endemic.

## UMBELLIFERÆ.

*Carum roxburghianum*, Benth.

*Carum roxburghianum*, Benth.; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., ii. p. 682.  
*Apium involucreatum*, Roxb., Hort. Beng., p. 22, et Fl. Ind., ii. p. 97; Wight, Ic. Pl. Ind. Or., t. 567.  
*Ptychotis roxburghiana*, DC.; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 1, p. 737.

TIMOR LAUT.—This is cultivated throughout India, and in some parts of the Archipelago, but it is not known where it is indigenous. It is probably a cultivated state of some other species.

## ARALIACEÆ.

*Delarbrea* sp.

TIMOR LAUT.—There are two described species of *Delarbrea*, both restricted to New Caledonia, unless this be the same as one of them, and, as far as the material goes, it is so like *Delarbrea paradoxa*, Vieill. (Ann. Sci. Nat., sér. 5, iii. p. 234), that it may be the same species.

*Panax* sp.

TIMOR LAUT.—Probably only a variety of *Panax pinnatum*, Lam., which has a wide range in the Malayan Peninsula and Archipelago. The genus has a very wide range in the Old World southward to New Zealand.

*Heptapleurum venulosum*, Seem.

*Heptapleurum venulosum*, Seem., Rev. Heder., p. 44; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., ii. p. 729; Benth., Fl. Austr., iii. p. 384.

*Paratropia elliptica*, Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 1, p. 756.

ARROU?—Widely dispersed in Tropical Asia, and extending to North Australia.