

(juniora tantum visa) rotundata vel ovata, absque petiolo usque ad 15 lineas longa, margine undulata, præcipue subtus ferrugineo-pubescentia; petiolus 3-4 lineas longus. *Flores* parvi (perianthium circiter sesquilineam longum) in cymas parvas terminales dispositi, subsessiles, intus extusque ferrugineo-pulverulenti; perianthium auguste campanulatum, plicatum vix lobatum; stamina 7 vel 8 exserta; ovarium glabrum, 1-ovulatum, stylo incluso. *Fructus* deest.

FERNANDO-NORONHA. *Darwin*.

This is quite distinct from anything we have seen from either the mainland or the West Indies, and, in fact, is not very closely allied to any species. We were unable to decide whether it is truly hermaphrodite.

AMARANTACEÆ.

Euxolus viridis, Moq.

Euxolus viridis, Moq. in DC. Prodr., xiii. 2, p. 273; Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 68.

FERNANDO-NORONHA. *Moseley*.

Very widely spread in warm countries.

Philoxerus vermicularis, R. Br.

Philoxerus vermicularis, R. Br., Prodr. Fl. N. Holl., p. 416; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 65.

Iresine vermicularis et *Iresine aggregata*, Moq. in DC. Prodr., xiii. 2, p. 340.

FERNANDO-NORONHA. *Darwin*; *Moseley*.

Common in maritime districts of Tropical and Subtropical America; also in Western Africa.

PHYTOLACCACEÆ.

Rivina humilis, Linn.

Rivina humilis, Linn., Sp. Pl., ed. 1, p. 121; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 59, sub *Rivina glabra*; Bot. Mag., tt. 1781 et 2333.

FERNANDO-NORONHA. *Darwin*; *Moseley*.

Exceedingly common in Tropical and Subtropical America, and naturalised in many parts of the Old World.

EUPHORBIACEÆ.

Euphorbia comosa, Vell.

Euphorbia comosa, Vell., Fl. Fluminensis, t. 15; DC., Prodr., xv. 2, p. 66.

FERNANDO-NORONHA. *Moseley*.

Brazil, though only recorded from the neighbourhood of Rio de Janeiro and San Cristoforo.