

Name.	Distribution.
<i>Nassauvia serpens</i> . . . . .	Endemic.
„ <i>gaudichaudii</i> . . . . .	Fuegia, Magellan Strait.
<i>Chabræa suaveolens</i> . . . . .	Endemic.
<i>Homoianthus echinulatus</i> . . . . .	Magellan Strait, Ports Famine and Gregory.
<i>Achyrophorus arenarius</i> . . . . .	Magellan Strait, Port Gregory.
* <i>Taraxacum dens-leonis</i> . . . . .	Generally diffused.
<i>Macrorhynchus pumilus</i> . . . . .	Endemic.
<i>Hieracium antarcticum</i> . . . . .	Patagonia.
LOBELIACEÆ.	
* <i>Pratia repens</i> . . . . .	Fuegia, Staten Land.
ERICACEÆ.	
* <i>Pernettya pumila</i> . . . . .	Fuegia and South Chili.
* <i>Gaultheria microphylla</i> . . . . .	Fuegia, Magellan Strait, &c.
GENTIANACEÆ.	
* <i>Gentiana magellanica</i> . . . . .	Fuegia, Magellan Strait. Hardly different from the Australasian <i>Gentiana saxosa</i> .
SCROPHULARINEÆ.	
* <i>Calceolaria fothersgillii</i> . . . . .	Magellan Strait, Port Famine.
„ <i>polyrhiza</i> . . . . .	Patagonia.
* <i>Limosella aquatica</i> . . . . .	Widely dispersed.
* <i>Veronica elliptica</i> . . . . .	Magellan Strait to Cape Horn and New Zealand.
PRIMULACEÆ.	
<i>Primula magellanica</i> <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	Magellan Strait to Cape Horn.
<i>Anagallis alternifolia</i> . . . . .	Magellan Strait, Port Famine.
PLUMBAGINEÆ.	
<i>Statice armeria</i> . . . . .	Fuegia, Patagonia, and in the northern hemisphere.
PLANTAGINEÆ.	
* <i>Plantago monanthos</i> . . . . .	Hermite Island, Cape Horn.
CHENOPODIACEÆ.	
* <i>Chenopodium macrospermum</i> . . . . .	Endemic.
SANTALACEÆ.	
<i>Nanodea muscosa</i> . . . . .	Fuegia, Magellan Strait.
THYMELEACEÆ.	
* <i>Drapetes muscosa</i> . . . . .	Fuegia, Magellan Strait.
EMEPETRACEÆ.	
<i>Empetrum rubrum</i> . . . . .	South Chili, Fuegia, and Tristan da Cunha.
ORCHIDEÆ.	
<i>Chloræa gaudichaudii</i> . . . . .	Endemic.
<i>Asarca commersonii</i> . . . . .	Magellan Strait.
„ <i>odoratissima</i> . . . . .	Chili.
<i>Codonorchis lessonii</i> . . . . .	Fuegia and Magellan Strait.

<sup>1</sup> Sir Joseph Hooker now regards this as specifically distinct from *Primula farinosa*, to which he reduced it in the Flora Antarctica. See *Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond.*, xx. p. 2.