

<i>Maldanella antarctica.</i>	<i>Limopsis aurita.</i>
<i>Cythere acanthoderma</i> (3).	<i>Malletia obtusa.</i>
" <i>dasyderma</i> (7).	<i>Semele (Abra) profundorum.</i>
" <i>dictyon</i> (7).	<i>Actæon amabilis.</i>
" <i>irpex</i> (3).	<i>Bulla semilevis.</i>
" <i>serratula.</i>	<i>Cadulus gracilis.</i>
<i>Cytheropteron mucronalatum.</i>	" <i>tumidosus.</i>
<i>Krithe producta</i> (5).	<i>Cithna tenella.</i>
<i>Calanus princeps.</i>	<i>Clathurella chariessa</i> (3).
<i>Eucopia australis</i> (3).	" <i>formosa</i> (3).
<i>Benthesicymus altus.</i>	<i>Cylichna ovata.</i>
" <i>brasiliensis.</i>	<i>Dentalium capillosum.</i>
<i>Dorolotes reflexus.</i>	" <i>subterfissum.</i>
<i>Gennadus parvus.</i>	<i>Ianthina exigua.</i>
<i>Hymenodora rostrata.</i>	<i>Pleurotoma (Mangelia) macra.</i>
<i>Nematocarcinus productus.</i>	<i>Scaphander gracilis.</i>
" <i>proximatus</i> (3).	" <i>punctostriatus.</i>
<i>Pontophilus gracilis.</i>	<i>Sequenzia carinata</i> (3).
<i>Munidopsis subsquamosa.</i>	<i>Trochus (Margarita) infundibulum.</i>
<i>Pagurodes inarmatus.</i>	" (") <i>rhina.</i>
<i>Parapagurus abyssorum</i> (6).	<i>Discina atlantica.</i>
<i>Colossendeis gigas.</i>	<i>Terebratula wyvillii</i> (3).
" <i>leptorhynchus.</i>	<i>Acanthonus armatus.</i>
<i>Amussium lucidum.</i>	<i>Bathyonus compressus.</i>
" <i>meridionale.</i>	<i>Chlorophthalmus gracilis</i> (3).
<i>Arca (Barbatia) corpulenta.</i>	<i>Gonostoma microdon</i> (3).
<i>Callocardia atlantica.</i>	<i>Halosaurus macrochir.</i>
<i>Dacrydium vitreum.</i>	<i>Melamphaës crassiceps.</i>

The majority of these were taken at two Stations, while 18 were taken at three Stations, 1 at four Stations, 2 at five Stations, 1 at six Stations, and 2 at seven Stations.

Of the 231 species taken in this zone between 1000 and 1500 fathoms, as well as in deeper or shallower zones (those without asterisks), 25 species (or 11 per cent.) were taken in the zone beyond 2500 fathoms, 42 species (or 18 per cent.) in the zone between 2000 and 2500 fathoms, and 85 species (or 37 per cent.) in the zone between 1500 and 2000 fathoms; lists of these have already been given (see pp. 1281, 1289, 1299-1300).

The following 74 species (or 32 per cent.) were taken in the zone between 500 and 1000 fathoms:—

<i>Thenea schmidtii.</i>	<i>Antedon alternata.</i>
<i>Chonelasma lamella.</i>	" <i>basicurva.</i>
<i>Euplectella suberea.</i>	" <i>breviradia.</i>
<i>Bathyactis symmetrica.</i>	" <i>inæqualis.</i>
<i>Caryophyllia communis.</i>	<i>Pentacrinus naresianus.</i>
<i>Deltocyathus italicus.</i>	<i>Neomorphaster eustichus.</i>
<i>Stephanotrochus diadema.</i>	<i>Zoroaster fulgens.</i>