

Renard, Deep-Sea Deposits Chall. Exp.) ; the pelagic species, which make up about 75 STATION 5. per cent. of the carbonate of lime present in the deposit, are marked thus  $\times$  :—

		ORGANISMS FROM THE DEPOSIT.
<i>Biloculina depressa</i> , d'Orbigny.	<i>Lagena lagenoides</i> (Williamson).	
“ <i>ringens</i> (Lamarck).	“ <i>longispina</i> , Brady.	
<i>Miliolina amygdaloidea</i> , Brady.	“ <i>ovum</i> (Ehrenberg).	
“ <i>venusta</i> (Karrer).	“ <i>stelligera</i> , Brady.	
<i>Aschemonella catenata</i> (Norman).	“ <i>striata</i> (d'Orbigny).	
<i>Reophax difflugiformis</i> , Brady.	“ <i>sulcata</i> (Walker and Jacob).	
“ <i>scorpiurus</i> , Montfort.	“ <i>truncata</i> , Brady.	
<i>Haplophragmium agglutinans</i> (d'Orbigny).	<i>Nodosaria communis</i> , d'Orbigny.	
“ <i>globigeriniforme</i> (Parker and Jones).	<i>Marginulina glabra</i> , d'Orbigny.	
“ <i>glomeratum</i> , Brady.	<i>Cristellaria convergens</i> , Bornemann.	
“ <i>latidorsatum</i> (Bornemann).	$\times$ <i>Globigerina quadrilateralis</i> , Brady.	
“ <i>rotulatum</i> , Brady.	$\times$ “ <i>bulloides</i> , d'Orbigny.	
“ <i>tenuimargo</i> , Brady.	$\times$ “ <i>conglobata</i> , Brady.	
<i>Thurammina papillata</i> , Brady.	$\times$ “ <i>dubia</i> , Egger.	
<i>Hormosina globulifera</i> , Brady.	$\times$ “ <i>inflata</i> , d'Orbigny.	
<i>Ammodiscus gordialis</i> (Jones and Parker).	$\times$ “ <i>rubra</i> , d'Orbigny.	
<i>Trochammina galeata</i> , Brady.	$\times$ “ <i>sacculifera</i> , Brady.	
“ <i>trullissata</i> , Brady.	$\times$ <i>Orbulina universa</i> , d'Orbigny.	
<i>Webbina clavata</i> , Jones and Parker.	$\times$ <i>Pullenia obliquiloculata</i> , Parker and Jones.	
<i>Verneuilina pygmaea</i> (Egger).	“ <i>quinqueloba</i> , Reuss.	
<i>Gaudryina pupoides</i> , d'Orbigny.	“ <i>sphaeroides</i> (d'Orbigny).	
“ <i>siphonella</i> , Reuss.	$\times$ <i>Sphaeroidina dehiscens</i> , Parker and Jones.	
<i>Bulimina aculeata</i> , d'Orbigny.	<i>Truncatulina lobatula</i> (Walker and Jacob).	
<i>Virgulina schreibersiana</i> , Czjzek.	“ <i>pygmaea</i> , Hantken.	
<i>Bolivina punctata</i> , d'Orbigny.	“ <i>tumidula</i> , Brady.	
<i>Cassidulina subglobosa</i> , Brady.	$\times$ <i>Pulvinulina crassa</i> (d'Orbigny).	
<i>Lagena alveolata</i> , Brady.	“ <i>exigua</i> , Brady.	
“ <i>apiculata</i> , Reuss.	$\times$ “ <i>menardii</i> (d'Orbigny).	
“ <i>auriculata</i> , Brady.	$\times$ “ <i>micheliniiana</i> (d'Orbigny).	
“ <i>bicarinata</i> (Terquem).	$\times$ “ <i>tumida</i> , Brady.	
“ <i>desmophora</i> , Rymer Jones.	<i>Rotalia soldanii</i> , d'Orbigny.	
“ <i>formosa</i> , Schwager.	<i>Nonionina depressula</i> (Walker and Jacob).	
“ <i>globosa</i> (Montagu).	“ <i>umbilicatula</i> (Montagu).	

*Oroscena huxleyi*, Haeckel, was observed in the deposit among other Radiolaria.

### Station 6 (Sounding 50), Tenerife to Sombrero (see Chart 6 and Diagram 1).

STATION 6.

February 23, 1873 ; lat.  $23^{\circ} 14'$  N., long.  $28^{\circ} 22'$  W.

Temperature of air at noon,  $67^{\circ} 8$  ; mean for the day,  $66^{\circ} 8$ .

Temperature of water at surface,  $69^{\circ} 2$  ; bottom,  $37^{\circ} 0$ .

Density at  $60^{\circ}$  F. at surface, 1.02760 ; bottom, 1.02745.

Depth, 2950 fathoms ; deposit, Red Clay.

Ship going before the north-east trades at an average rate of 7 knots per hour. Several flying fish were observed, and also a number of large specimens of *Physalia*,