

Telson breve, ovatum, emarginatum. *Mas ignotus*. Longit. 15 mm. *Localité*. Cratère de Fayal, 16 juillet 1887." Compare Note on Barrois, 1888 (p. 1648), and Note on de Guerne, 1888 (p. 1652).

- M. de Guerne observes that while the species of *Orchestia* from the sea-shore are numerous, the only species hitherto known under conditions like those of *Orchestia chevreuxi* is *Orchestia tahitensis*, Dana, found on an extinct volcano in Tahiti, several miles from the sea and 500 mètres above its level; for a correction of this statement see Note on Barrois, p. 1649.

1887. HANSEN, H. J.

Malacostraca marina Groenlandiæ occidentalis. Oversigt over det vestlige Grønlands Fauna af malakostrake Havskrebsdyr. Særtryk af "Vidensk. Meddel. fra den naturh. Foren. i Kjøbh. 1887." Kjøbenhavn, 1887.

Besides various notices in the introductory part of this valuable work, the Amphipoda occupy pages 55 to 177, pages 217 to 222, and pages 225, 226. Plates II. to VI. are concerned with this group. A hundred and fifty-one species are named, some with corrected synonymy, some with notes of locality, and some with more or less full discussion, the new species being described in Latin and in general figured. The new species are named—*Aristias neglectus* (Tab. II. fig. 4) on which see below; *Anonyx groenlandicus* (Tab. II. figs. 5–5g); *Tryphosa pulchra* (Tab. II. figs. 6–6e); *Prinassus Nordenskiöldii* (Tab. II. figs. 7–7f, Tab. III. figs. 1–1c); *Amphilochus oculatus* (Tab. III. figs. 2–2c); *Metopa latimana*, of which however Dr. Hansen begins his description by saying "Specimen singulum vix adultum vidi.—*Met. affini* Boeck valde similis, structura pedum primi et secundi parium diversa," *Metopa groenlandica* (Tab. III. figs. 7–7e); *Metopa neglecta* (Tab. III. figs. 9–9b), with the synonymy "*Metopa longimana* Boeck Skand. og Arkt. Amph. Pl. XVII. figs. 5–5n (figura 6 et descriptio ad *Met. longimanam* pertinent)"; *Metopa carinata* (Tab. IV. figs. 3–3e); *Oediceros curvirostris* (Tab. IV. fig. 4) with the synonymy "*Oediceros lynceus* Boeck, Skand. og Arkt. Am. Pl. XIII. fig. 4 (Descriptio ad *Oed. lynceum* pertinet)"; *Monoculodes crassirostris* (Tab. IV. figs. 5–5f); *Monoculodes simplex* (Tab. IV. figs. 6–6h); *Halimeton obtusifrons* (Tab. V. figs. 1–1e); *Aceros distinguendus* (Tab. IV. fig. 8) with the synonymy "*Oediceros obtusus*, 'alia forma, Goës, Op. cit. p. 527, Tafl. XL. fig. 24"; *Paramphithoë Boeckii* (Tab. V. figs. 3–3b) with the synonymy "*Pleustes pulchellus* Boeck, Skand. og Arkt. Amph., Pl. XXIII. fig. 1 (Descriptio ad *Par. pulchellam* referenda est)"; "*Amphithopsis Olrikii*" (Tab. V. figs. 5–5b); *Amphithopsis glacialis* (Tab. V. figs. 6–6c); *Tritropis oculata* (Tab. V. figs. 7–7e), the description of which is followed by the observation, "Hæc species nova a speciebus ceteris affinibus hujus generis imprimis differt oculis permagnis superne valde inter se approximatis, antennarum primi paris articulo basali perlato quam articulo secundo longiore, articulo tertio perbrevis, pedum septimi paris articulo secundo perpaulo longiore quam atiore"; *Melita amoena* (Tab. VI. figs. 1, 1a); *Podocerospis Lindahlia* (Tab. VI. figs. 2, 2a); *Podoceros nanoides* (Tab. VI. figs. 4–4b); *Unciola crassipes* (Tab. VI. figs. 6, 6a); *Unciola laticornis* (Tab. VI. figs. 7–7b). There is also a named variety, "*Caprella microtuberculata* G. O. Sars, var. *spinigera*."

The new genus *Prinassus* is launched without distinction between the generic characters and those of the type-species, except that the author says, "this new and interesting form shows in the shape of the antennæ and limbs and in the coalescence of the fifth and sixth segments of the pleon so much difference from its nearest relations, *Pontoporeia* and *Priscilla*, that I have been forced to institute a new genus for it." The mouth organs are not described. The antennæ (in the female) are short, with no accessory flagellum; the gnathopods are