Several specimens. (Apparently a species near to, but not identical with, Eupronoë atlantica; the specimen examined measured three-tenths of an inch in length.)

- 7. March 16, 1874, south of Australia; lat. 39° 22′ S., long. 142° 27′ E.; surface. Ten specimens, males, agreeing with those last mentioned.
- 8. Station 164B, June 13, 1874; east of Australia; lat. 34° 13′ S., long. 151° 38′ E.; surface to 50 fathoms. One specimen.
- 9. April 4, 1875, North Pacific, south of Japan; lat. 25° 33′ N., long. 137° 57′ E.; surface. One specimen.
- 10. July 1875, North Pacific, between Japan and Honolulu; surface. Several specimens.
- 11. Station 251, July 10, 1875; North Pacific; lat. 37° 37′ N., long. 163° 26′ W. (Eupronoë pacifica, see p. 1513.)
- 12. August 24, 1875, Mid Pacific; lat. 13° 1′ N., long. 151° 50′ W.; surface, at night. Four small specimens.
- 13. Station 287, October 19, 1875; South Pacific; lat. 36° 32′ S., long. 132° 52′ W.; surface. Five small specimens.
- 14. Station 288, October 21, 1875; South Pacific; lat. 40° 3′ S., long. 132° 58′ W.; surface. Four specimens.

Genus Parapronoë, Claus, 1879.

1879. Parapronoë, Claus, Die Gattungen und Arten der Platysceliden, pp. 23, 29.

1886. "Gerstaecker, Bronn's Klassen und Ordnungen, Bd. v. Abth. ii. p. 485.

1887. ,, Bovallius, Systematical List of Amph. Hyper., Bihang till K. Svensk. Vetensk.-Akad. Handl., Bd. 11, No. 16, p. 42.

1887. ,, Claus, Die Platysceliden, pp. 48, 53.

For the shorter definition of this genus, see Note on Claus, 1879 (p. 492). The fuller definition which Claus gives of it is to the following effect:—

"Body Pronoe-like, but less strongly compressed, with more rounded head, the pleon bent and having its hinder section generally flexed. Antennæ and mouth-organs like those of Eupronoë, the latter, however, far longer and more produced. The first gnathopods simple, the second complexly chelate. Laminar first joint of the third peræopods broad and of oval form, that of the fourth peræopods of greater extent, triangular, distally narrowed and truncate, with short longitudinal ridge. First joint of the fifth peræopods of smaller extent, the appendage rudimentary, one- or two-jointed. Hinder section of the pleon distinguished by the elongation of the coalesced fifth and sixth segments. Last pair of uropods with very short peduncle and short, more or less fin-like, rami."

In further observations on the genus Claus says, "Both antennæ have the same (zool. Chall. Exp.—Part Lxvil.—1888.)

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