

*Second Peræopods* in close agreement with the first, the fifth joint perhaps a little longer than the fourth. The branchial vesicles are more bowed out at the centre behind.

*Third Peræopods.*—Side-plates broader than in the preceding pairs, without bristles, the hind part deeper than the front. The branchial vesicles similar to the preceding pair. The first joint very little longer but much broader than in the preceding limbs, the neck narrow, the remainder of the joint oval, with about eight bristles round the front margin and two or three near the top of the hinder; the remaining joints as in the preceding pair, but more elongate, bent back upon the first joint, and the two terminal joints folding against the front of the fourth joint; the third joint appears to be without spines on the front margin.

*Fourth Peræopods.*—Side-plates scarcely so large as the preceding; the branchial vesicles more dilated behind near the centre. First joint of long irregular pear-shape, much longer than all the remaining joints together, or than the first joint of the other pairs, broadest near the base, the hinder and rounded distal margin fringed with bristles not closely set, the hind margin on the inner surface but not on the outer emarginate for the reception of the short second joint; the third joint longer than the fourth, its front margin pectinate and carrying two bristles, apically a very little produced; the fourth joint similarly armed, but with three bristles; in each of these joints the pectination near the apex is retroverted; fifth joint scarcely so long as the fourth and much narrower, the front margin finely pectinate; the finger small but more than half the length of the fifth joint, slightly curved, tapering, pectinate on the inner margin. The third joint is capable of reaching beyond the apex of the first.

*Fifth Peræopods.*—Side-plates very distinct, broader than deep, the upper and lower margins parallel, the rounded hinder angle having one bristle. The first joint a little bent, rather wider above than below; the second joint nearly as broad as the extremity of the first, not longer than broad, the third joint broader than the fourth but not so long; the fourth joint with one bristle standing out stiffly near the apex of the straight front margin; the fifth joint scarcely so long as the third, bent at an angle to the fifth, but otherwise straight; on the inner side near the apex there is a stout little spine; the finger quite minute, the narrowed apical part bent up so as to convert the finger into a little sturdy hook.

*Pleopods.*—Coupling spines minute, with apical teeth; the cleft spine having the serrate arm shorter than that with the subapical dilatation, the first joint of the inner ramus having only one seta below the cleft spine; the rami with six joints apiece.

*Uropods.*—Peduncles of the first pair longer than those of the second, in both pairs shorter than the rami; the rami have pectinate edges, those of the second pair being apparently rather larger than those of the first; in each case the inner ramus is the longer; this applies also to the third pair, in which the peduncles are very short, the outer ramus reaching a little and the inner considerably beyond the telson.