Third Peræopods.—Side-plates broader than in the preceding segment, produced below in two rather long lobes, the lower ends of which are wide apart. The first joint broader above than below, with spines at four points on the nearly straight front margin, the hinder with only some minute spinules; the lower part of the joint squared on the outer side, while the inner surface is pear-shaped; the rest of the limb resembles the preceding peræopod, but is a little larger, and the fourth joint has three groups of spines on the front margin, that is, the margin corresponding to the hind margin in the preceding limb.

Fourth Perwopods.—Side-plates with a long lobe decurrent behind. The branchial vesicles with an accessory pouch at the upper part. The first joint similar to that of the third perwopods, but considerably larger, especially in breadth; the rest of the limb similar to the preceding, but the third and fourth joints considerably longer, and each with spines at a point in the hind margin; the fifth joint also rather longer.

Fifth Perwopods.—Side-plates small, not decurrent. The first joint longer and broader than in the preceding perwopods, rather more pear-shaped, although distally broad; the rest of the limb similar to the preceding, but all the joints longer.

Pleopods.—Coupling spines very small; cleft spines five in the first and second pairs, four in the third pair, the branches of the cleft short and equal; the joints of the rami number from eighteen to twenty-two.

Uropods.—The peduncles of the first pair longer than the rami, reaching just beyond those of the second pair, but not so far as those of the third, with three or four spinules on the inner margin, the outer clear; the rami slender, the outer shorter than the inner, each tipped with a large nail-like spine, having a small one by its side, the inner ramus also carrying four or five small spines on its margin; the peduncles of the second pair shorter than the inner ramus; the outer ramus much shorter and narrower than the inner, each tipped as in the first pair, the inner also having two spines on the outer and five or six on the inner margin; the inner reaches back about as far as the inner of the first pair, the outer not so far as the outer of that pair; peduncles of the third pair shorter than the rami, which are broad, lanceolate, subequal, the outer rather the longer, both reaching a little further back than those of the other pairs; the inner ramus has its inner margin fringed with thirteen spines with plumose setæ of different lengths; on the serrate lower portion of the more convex outer margin there are six spines with setæ; the outer ramus has six or seven spines on its inner margin, and two or three on the lower part, besides spinules on the upper part, of the outer margin.

Telson reaching beyond the peduncles of the third uropods, elongate, with the lateral margins very slightly sinuous, on the whole tapering to a narrow emarginate termination.

Length.—The specimen, in the position figured, measured half an inch from the rostrum to the apex of the dorsal process on the second pleon-segment.

Locality.—The single specimen was labelled as taken "from the kelp in Stanley Harbour, Falklands, Jan. 1876."