

"Antennes pédonculées très-simples, sétacées; antérieures plus longues. Antennules entières. Toutes les pièces maxillaires bifides."

"C. H. Corps alongé, comprimé, arqué. Tête distincte; yeux sessiles, immobiles. Dix pattes comprimées; les premières et les dernières plus longues. Derniers anneaux ayant chacun un appendice bifide articulé. Queue terminée par deux appendices presque semblables, plus longs, et une petite pièce conique, ciliée de chaque côté,"

In the Myriapodes the genera are *Asellus*, *Cyamus*, *Oniscus*, *Julus*, *Scolopendra*. The second of these is thus described:—

"*CYAME. CYAMUS. *Oniscus*, Linn. Fab. *Squilla*, Gée.

"Quatre antennes très-courtes; antérieures coniques, de quatre articles, dont le dernier fort court; postérieures insérées inférieurement, plus courtes que la tête, de trois articles. Antennules obsolètes."

"C. H. Corps ovale, déprimé, crustacé. Tête distinte. Six anneaux. Quatorze pattes; les deux premières plus petites, insérées sous la tête; les 1, 2, 5, 6, et 7^e paires terminées par un crochet."

The genera called in French *Carcin*, *Entomon*, and *Cyame* are marked each with an asterisk to show that they are new, instituted by Latreille himself. The first two have not maintained their ground against earlier designations.

1797. Anonymous.

Epitome Entomologiæ Fabricianæ sive Nomenclator Entomologicus emendatus sistens Fabriciani systematis cum Linneano comparationem adjectis characteribus ordinum et generum, speciebus novis aliorum entomologorum, insectorum habitationibus, nominibus Germanorum Francogallorum Anglorum. Cum indicibus et Bibliotheca Fabriciana. Lipsiæ, 1797.

This work refers to another apparently of the same character, entitled "Nomenclator entomologicus secundum entomologiam systematicam ill. Fabricii. Conscriptus a Friderico Webero. Chilonii et Hamburgi. 1795." Among other derivations it gives, together with the definitions, for Synistata, "palpi quatuor maxilla connata cum labio. *Kieferlippen a συνίστημι*," to unite; for Mitosata, "palpi duo, maxilla filiformis membranacea, *Fadenmäuler a μήτος*," a thread; for Unogata, "palpi duo porrecti, maxilla cornea unguiculata, *Haakenmauler ab ὄνυξ*;" a nail; and for Agonata "palpi sèpius sex, maxilla omnino nulla. Kinnlose ab ἀγόνατος," which properly means without a knee or without joints, but is here seemingly taken to mean without a jaw, as though from γένειον instead of γόνον.

Among the Agonata are given *Astacus homari* on page 117, *Cymothoa ceti* on page 119, and on the same page a list of the species of *Gammarus* in accordance with the Ent. Syst. emend. et auct., of 1793. In another list, among the "Agonata sec. Daldorfium," on page 125, "G. Homari (Ast. F.)" is added to the previous catalogue of Gammari.

1797. CUVIER, GEORGES (alias LÉOPOLD-CHRÉTIEN-FRÉDÉRIC-DAGOBERT), BARON, born 1769, died 1832 (Encycl. Brit. 9th Ed.).

Tableau élémentaire de l'histoire naturelle des animaux. Par G. Cuvier. A. Paris, an 6.

In the seventh book, which treats "des insectes et des vers," at page 450 Cuvier says, "Swammerdam divise les insectes d'après la métamorphose; Linnæus, d'après la présence