

Aph. stands for "Bomares Natur-historie af H. von Aphelen."

On p. 280 Müller says, with a reference to No. 2358, "Arksegiarsoak augmentativum ex Arksegia nom. Cancri gener." On p. vii, abbreviations, &c., are thus explained, "Species asterisco* notatae in scriptis perillustris equitis a LINNE frustra quæruntur, signo † impressæ a civibus, signo + a me, detectæ indicantur. Nomina vernacula, quibus nulla litera majuscula anteponitur Danis et Norvegis communia sunt, reliqua D. Danos, N. Norvegos, I. Islandos, L. Lappones, Gr. Groenlandos significant."

Of these species No. 2355 is generally accepted as *Hyperia medusarum*, Müller; No. 2356 remains obscure; No. 2357 repeats Ström's description from the *Acta Havn.*, 1765, of what is probably *Orchestia gammarellus*; No. 2358 in like manner refers to Ström's species of 1770, now become *Amathilla homari*, Fabr.; No. 2359 is synonymous with *Caprella linearis* (Linn.), Bate; No. 2360 is now called *Proto ventricosa*, Müller; No. 2362 answers to *Corophium volutator*, Pall.; No. 2366 includes probably two or three species, such as *Gammarus locusta* and *Gammarus pulex*. No. 2353, *Cancer g(l)acialis*, is probably not an Amphipod; No. 2354 may be a *Caprella*.

1776. FORSKÅL, PEHR.

Icones rerum naturalium, quas in itinere Orientali depingi curavit Petrus Forskål, Prof. Haun. Post mortem auctoris ad REGIS mandatum æri incisas edidit Carsten Niebuhr. Hauniæ, MDCCCLXXVI.

In the *Explicatio Tabularum*, under Tab. xli., is given the reference, "D. d. CANCER sedentarius. Pag. 95, n. 59." Figure "d" is a recognisable figure of *Phronima sedentaria* free; figure "D" represents it in its semitransparent case. For the description of this species, see note on Forskål, 1775.

1777. FABRICIUS, J. C.

Genera Insectorum eorumque characteres naturales secundum numerum, figuram, situm et proportionem omnium partium oris adjecta Mantissa specierum nuper detectarum. Chilonii. (Prolegomena dated Kiliæ die xxvi Decem. 1776.)

Here the genus *Scorpio* is transferred to Class V., the Unogata. The other five genera of the Agonata are retained in the same order as in his earlier work. The account of the genus *Gammarus* is as follows:—"GAMMARUS. Cancer Linn. Geoff. Oniscus Pallas. Os mandibulis palpisque absque maxillis. Palpi sex, inæquales, filiformes; anterioribus quatuor porrectis, os obtegentibus. anteriores longiores, compressi, bifidi: lacinia interiori quadriarticulata; articulo ultimo incurvo, exteriori breviori, vix articulata. medii paullo breviores, bifidi; laciinis subæqualibus; interiori triarticulata, exteriori subulata, acuta. posteriores breves, filiformes, triarticulati mandibulæ dorso inserti. Mandibula brevis, cornea, crassa, fornicata, obtusa, vix dentata, dorso palpigera. Labium tripes membranaceum. exterus quadrifidum: laciinis subæqualibus, linearibus. medium bifidum: laciinis rotundatis, divis, æqualibus. interius bifidum; laciinis æqualibus, rotundatis, extrorsum crassioribus, divis. Antennæ quatuor inæquales, pedunculatæ, simplicissimæ. anteriores breviores, subulatae; pedunculo biarticulato. posteriores longiores, setaceæ; pedunculo triarticulato. Metamorphosis completa larva puppa omnibus partibus completis, agilibus. Victus e rapina minimorum aquatilium plantisque aquaticis," pp. 142, 143. The species *grossipes* is