Characella stellettodes (Carter).

Pachastrella stellettodes, Carter, Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist., ser. 5, vol. xv. p. 403, pl. xiv. fig. 14, 1885.

Sponge.—Form (?).

Spicules.—I. Megascleres. 1. Oxea, 4.2 mm. long. 2. Calthrops, actines 1.15 mm. long.

II. Microscleres. 3. Microxea, minutely spined, 0.127 mm. long. 4. Spiraster or Amphiaster. The oxeas radiate in bundles from a common centre outwards, the calthrops lies in the ectosome, with three actines facial, and the fourth, which is shorter than the others, directed inwards.

Habitat.—Japan, off Misaki, at the entrance to the Bay of Tokio.

Remarks.—The arrangement of the calthrops of this sponge appears to ally it with Characella; the radial distribution of the oxeas is not met with in Characella aspera; whether it occurs in Characella agassizi or not I am uncertain.

Characella agassizi, n. sp.

Pachastrella connectens, var., O. Schmidt, Spong. Meerb. Mexico, p. 68, 1880.

Sponge.—" A large plate-like fragment" (O. Sch.).

Spicules.—I. Megascleres. 1. Oxea, stout, fusiform, slightly curved, somewhat anisoactinate, 3.2 by 0.11 mm. 2. Orthotriæne, rhabdome and cladi of about the same size, conical, oxeate, from 0.5 to 0.725 mm. in length.

II. Microscleres. 3. Microxea, slender, smooth, curved, rarely centrotylote, from 0.225 to 0.55 by 0.005 mm. 4. Amphiaster, axis fusiform, produced into a slender spine beyond each terminal whorl of spines, more or fewer of the spines frequently reduced to mere tubercles, but usually long and slender; axis 0.004 mm. long, spines 0.018 mm.; total length of the spicule 0.035 mm.

Habitat.—Grenada, 164 fathoms.

Remarks.—Schmidt gives no information by which this sponge can be identified, and at first I placed it by itself as of unknown genus and species; subsequently, owing to the kindness of Professor Perrier, I had an opportunity of examining a fragment of the original specimen; it has the same general appearance as the sponge which Carter described as Pachastrella amygdaloides (vide Pacillastra amygdaloides, p. 99), but since trizenes are entirely absent from the choanosome it must be referred to Characella; in the general character of its spicules it approaches Characella aspera, Sollas.