

have brought to light no less than 24 species of Monaxonid sponges (belonging to 14 genera) which live below the thousand fathom line, amongst which 13 live at depths of 2000 fathoms or more, as will be seen from the following list:—

LIST OF SPECIES WHICH LIVE BELOW THE 1000 FATHOM LINE.

Species.	Depth in fathoms.
1. <i>Tedania actiniiformis</i> ,	2160
2. <i>Esperella mammiformis</i> ,	1600
3. " <i>biserialis</i> ,	2250 and 2385
4. <i>Esperiopsis profunda</i> ,	1600
5. <i>Cladorhiza abyssicola</i> , var. <i>rectangularis</i> ,	2750
6. " " <i>linearis</i> ,	2385
7. " <i>moruliformis</i> ,	1950
8. " <i>longipinna</i> ,	3000
9. " <i>similis</i> ,	2385
10. " <i>inversa</i> ,	2200
11. " (?) <i>tridentata</i> ,	1600
12. <i>Axoniderma mirabile</i> ,	2250
13. <i>Chondrocladia concrescens</i> ,	2900
14. " <i>crinita</i> ,	2000
15. <i>Meliiderma stipitatum</i> ,	1600
16. <i>Phakellia ventilabrum</i> , var. <i>connexiva</i> ,	1035
17. <i>Axinella profunda</i> ,	2300 and 2385
18. " <i>erecta</i> ,	1600
19. <i>Suberites senilis</i> ,	2050
20. <i>Polymastia corticata</i> ,	1200
21. <i>Trichostemma sarsii</i> ,	1000 and 1400
22. " <i>irregulare</i> ,	2160
23. <i>Tentorium semisuberites</i> ,	1250
24. <i>Stylocordyla stipitata</i> ,	1600

Of the 14 genera thus represented, 9 (*Cladorhiza*, *Axoniderma*, *Chondrocladia*, *Meliiderma*, *Phakellia*, *Polymastia*, *Trichostemma*, *Tentorium* and *Stylocordyla*) must be regarded as characteristically belonging to the deep-sea fauna, being rarely or never met with in shallow water, while the remaining five are on the contrary typically more or less shallow-water forms, and are rarely met with at very great depths.

The scarcity of Monaxonid sponges at very great depths is fully compensated for by the unusual interest attaching to the few species which do occur. In examining the twenty-