

PLATE LX.

Figs. 1-8. Skull of *Halosaurus macrochir* (page 233).

- Fig. 1. Lateral view of the skull with the infraorbital chain and other superficial bones.
 Fig. 2. Lateral view of the skull with the superficial bones removed.
 Fig. 3. Upper view of the skull, with the lateral membrane bones removed on the left side.
 Fig. 4. Anterior part of the snout, upper view; twice natural size.
 Fig. 5. Lower view of the cranium.
 Fig. 6. Anterior part of the snout, lower view; twice natural size.
 Fig. 7. Side view of the cranium.
 Fig. 8. Occipital view; enlarged.
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| <p><i>a.</i> Facet for the articulation of hyomandibular.
 <i>an.</i> Anterior nasal.
 <i>b.</i> Basal.
 <i>bo.</i> Basioccipital.
 <i>cl.</i> Clavicle.
 <i>co.</i> Coracoid.
 <i>cp.</i> Lateral praorbital process of primordial cartilage.
 <i>e.</i> Groove of the transverse process of the ethmoidale medium.
 <i>ec.</i> Anterior termination of ethmoid cartilage.
 <i>ep.</i> Ectopterygoid.
 <i>ep'</i>. Condyle of the ethmoid cartilage for the articulation of the ectopterygoid.
 <i>em, em'.</i> Ethmoidale medium.
 <i>ep.</i> Entopterygoid.
 <i>eo.</i> Exoccipital.
 <i>hm.</i> Hyomandibular.
 <i>f.</i> Frontal.
 <i>im.</i> Intermaxillary.
 <i>io.</i> Interoperculum.</p> | <p><i>lig.</i> Ligament between the ectopterygoid and lower jaw.
 <i>m.</i> Maxillary.
 <i>mp.</i> Metapterygoid.
 <i>n.</i> Nasal.
 <i>o.</i> Operculum.
 <i>p.</i> Parietal.
 <i>pal.</i> Palatine.
 <i>puro.</i> Paroccipital.
 <i>po.</i> Alisphenoid.
 <i>pr.</i> Praeoperculum
 <i>pt.</i> Pterotic.
 <i>q.</i> Quadrata.
 <i>r.</i> Rostrale.
 <i>sc.</i> Scapula.
 <i>scl.</i> Supracleavicle.
 <i>so.</i> Suboperculum.
 <i>spo.</i> Supraoccipital
 <i>sq.</i> Squamosal.
 <i>sy.</i> Symplectic.
 <i>v.</i> Vomer.</p> |
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Figs. 9-15. Skull of *Notacanthus sexspinis*

- Fig. 9. Lateral view of the skull.
 Fig. 10. Lateral view of the cranium.
 Fig. 11. Upper view of the cranium.
 Fig. 12. Lower view of the cranium.
 Fig. 13. Palatal arch with suspensorium and lower jaw; twice natural size.
 Fig. 14. Back view of cranium; twice natural size.
 Fig. 15. Front view of snout; twice natural size.

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| <p><i>b.</i> Basal.
 <i>bo.</i> Basioccipital.
 <i>br.</i> Branchiostegals.
 <i>cl.</i> Clavicle.
 <i>co.</i> Coracoid.
 <i>ec.</i> Ethmoidal cartilage.
 <i>ep.</i> Ectopterygoid.
 <i>em.</i> Ethmoidale medium.
 <i>ep.</i> Entopterygoid.
 <i>f.</i> Frontal.
 <i>hm.</i> Hyomandibulare.
 <i>im.</i> Intermaxillary.
 <i>io.</i> Interoperculum.
 <i>m.</i> Maxillary.
 <i>n.</i> Nodule of cartilage.</p> | <p><i>o.</i> Operculum.
 <i>p.</i> Parietal.
 <i>pal.</i> Palatine.
 <i>po.</i> Alisphenoid.
 <i>pr.</i> Praeoperculum.
 <i>q.</i> Quadrata.
 <i>r.</i> Rostrale, with <i>r'</i> its cartilaginous portion.
 <i>sc.</i> Scapula.
 <i>scl.</i> Supracleavicle.
 <i>so.</i> Suboperculum.
 <i>spo.</i> Supraoccipital
 <i>st.</i> Stylohyal.
 <i>sy.</i> Symplectic.
 <i>uh.</i> Urohyal.</p> |
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