## PLATE II.

PAGE

64

		Fragments and isolated spicules of the macerated skeleton of Euplectella aspergillum, Owen,
Fig.	1.	Isolated spicules from round about the parietal aperture of a young specimen; × 50.
		<ul> <li>Fig. 1a. Hexact with one shortened and rounded ray.</li> <li>Fig. 1b. Hexact with six almost equally developed rays.</li> <li>Fig. 1c. Pentact with one somewhat elongated tangential ray.</li> </ul>
Fig.	2.	Fragment of the connected skeletal framework of the lateral wall of a young specimen, seen from the inside; × 10.
Fig.	3.	Incipient union of two beams by means of synapticula; $\times$ 100.
Fig.	4.	The larger portion of a triact from a young form; $\times$ 50.
Fig.	5.	Fragment of the skeleton of the lateral wall of a young form, round about a parietal aperture, seen from the interior; $\times 10$ .
Fig.	6.	Fragment of the skeleton of the lateral wall of a young specimen; $\times$ 50.
Fig.	7.	Fragment of the skeleton of the lateral wall of an adult form; $\times$ 50.
Fig.	8.	Fragment of the connected skeleton of the lateral wall of an older specimen, viewed from the outside; × 10.
Fig.	9.	Portion of a floricome; × 500.
Fig.	10.	Fragment of the connected skeleton from the margin of the terminal sieve-plate and surrounding ledge; × 10.
		This plate was executed under Sir Wyville Thomson's direction.