2. Antennal flagellum excluded from the orbital hiatus by a process of the basal antennal joint.

Genera:—Cronius, Stimpson; Goniosoma, A. Milne Edwards (= Oceanus, de Haan; Charybdis, de Haan); Thalamonyx, A. Milne Edwards.

## Subfamily 2. THALAMITINÆ.

Thalamitiens, A. Milne Edwards (pt.), Archiv. Mus. Hist. Nat., vol. x. p. 311, 1861.

Carapace widely transverse, antero-lateral margins usually straight, forming a right angle with the front, with few (four or five) teeth. Basal antennal joint greatly developed, widely transverse, flagellum widely excluded from the orbit. Chelipedes moderately elongated. Fifth legs natatorial, as in the Lupinæ.

Genera:—Thalamita, Latreille; Thalamitoides, A. Milne Edwards; ? Hedroph-thalmus, Nauck.

## Subfamily 3. CARCININÆ.

Carciniens, Polybiens, Lissocarciniens, A. Milne Edwards, Archiv. Mus. Hist. Nat., vol. x. p. 311, 1861.

Carapace but slightly (if at all) transverse, with the antero-lateral margins arcuated and armed with five or fewer marginal teeth. Basal antennal joint moderately developed. Chelipedes rather small. Fifth legs natatorial (except in *Carcinus*).

- 1. Antennæ not wholly excluded from the orbits.
  - Genera:—Portunus, Fabricius (Liocarcinus, Stimpson, subgenus?); Bathynectes, Stimpson (= Thranites, Bovallius); Nectocarcinus, A. Milne Edwards; Carcinus, Leach; Platyonychus, Latreille (= Anisopus, de Haan); Portumnus, Leach (= Xaiva, MacLeay); Polybius, Leach; Lissocarcinus, Adams and White.
- 2. Antennæ wholly excluded from the orbits by the union of the front with the inferior orbital margin.

Genus:—Cænophthalmus, A. Milne Edwards.

## Subfamily 4. CAPHYRINÆ.

Carapace but slightly (if at all) transverse, with the antero-lateral margins arcuated, and armed with only four or five teeth. Basal antennal joint moderately developed.