

Chlorinoides longispinus (*Maia (Chorinus) longispina*, de Haan). Japanese Seas.
Chlorinoides longispinus, var. *bituberculatus* (Miers). Amirante and Providence groups (19 to 22 fathoms).

Chlorinoides halimoides (*Paramithrax halimoides* (White *ined.*) Miers). Oriental Seas.

Chlorinoides acanthonotus (*Chorinus acanthonotus*, Adams and White). Borneo.

Chlorinoides aculeatus (*Chorinus aculeatus*, Milne Edwards). Seas of Asia.

Chlorinoides aculeatus, var. *armatus* (Miers). North and North East Australia (3 to 11 fathoms).

Chlorinoides coppingeri (Haswell) (Pl. VII. fig. 3).

Paramithrax coppingeri, Haswell, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W., vol. iv. p. 443, pl. xxvi. fig. 1, 1880; Cat. Australian Stalk and Sessile-eyed Crust., p. 15, 1882.

Paramithrax (Chlorinoides) coppingeri, Miers, Crust. Rep. Zool. Coll. H.M.S. "Alert," p. 192, 1884.

? *Acanthophrys aculeatus*, A. Milne Edwards, Ann. Soc. Entom. France, ser. 4, vol. v. p. 140, pl. iv. fig. 4, 1865.

Bass Strait, off East Moncœur Island, 38 fathoms. Station 162, lat. $39^{\circ} 10' 30''$ S., long. $146^{\circ} 37' 0''$ E. An adult male and female of small size.

In these specimens the transverse pair of spines of the cardiac region are confluent from their bases half way to their apices, which are divergent. The palms of the chelipeds (in the male) are smooth, slender, and not carinated; the fingers, when closed, have between them but a very small interspace.

Adult ♂.		Lines.	Millims.
Length of carapace to base of rostrum,		$6\frac{1}{2}$	13·5
Length of rostrum, about		3	7
Breadth of carapace, nearly		5	10
Length of a chelipede,		$8\frac{1}{2}$	18
Length of first ambulatory leg,		10	21

To facilitate the proper identification of this species, and to illustrate the generic characters, I have thought it useful to figure the Challenger male.

Pisa, Leach.

? *Arctopisis*, Lamarck, Syst. Anim. sans Vert., p. 155, 1801, description inaccurate.

Pisa, Leach (subgenus?) Trans. Linn. Soc. Lond., vol. xi. p. 327, 1815.

" Milne Edwards (part), Hist. Nat. Crust., vol. i. p. 303, 1834.

" Miers, Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond. (Zool.), vol. xiv. p. 657, 1879.

" Brandt, Bull. Acad. Sci. Petersb., vol. xxvi. p. 410, 1880.

Carapace subpyriform or ovate-pyriform, moderately convex and armed with spines or tubercles. Präocular spine usually well developed. Spines of rostrum, long, simple