

suture, a papillary apex, a longish, concave, toothed, and furrowed pillar, and a small mouth. *Sculpture*: Longitudinals—the lines of growth are very feeble. Spirals—from end to end the shell is scored with small but distinct furrows, which on the front of the shell are rounded, but above sharper, shallower, and fretted; they are parted by flattish surfaces of double their width in front, but much more than this above, where the furrows are slighter: round the top of each whorl runs a sharp upstanding keel, within which lies the deepish and narrow, but at bottom rounded, sutural canal. *Colour* ivory-white, with a dull gloss. *Mouth* barely shorter than the shell, narrow, curved, slowly enlarging, elongately pear-shaped. *Whorls* barely 3. *Outer lip* almost appressed above, but separated by the sutural canal; it does not rise quite to the top of the shell, it is very slightly arched, and the edge is scarcely curved, and is hardly emarginate in front. *Top*: the shell is narrowed and then sharply and flatly truncate; round the edge and coiling in to the centre is a sharp but not expressed keel; the whole interval between the keel of one whorl and that of the next is occupied by the sutural canal, which has a convex slope on the interior side, a rounded bottom, and a perpendicular face on the exterior whorl; the central tip is a (relatively) large, glossy, translucent, flatly rounded prominent dome. *Inner lip*: there is a very thin glaze across the slightly arched body; round the base of the straightish concave pillar coils a strongish tooth, minutely furrowed longitudinally, and with a sharp twisted inner edge; outside the tooth-edge is a strong furrow with a minute umbilical chink. H. 0·083 in. B. 0·041. Mouth, breadth at same place, 0·011.

This species very much resembles the following, but may at once be distinguished by the top.

18. *Utriculus (Tornatina) amboinensis*, Watson (Pl. XLIX. fig. 7).

*Utriculus (Tornatina) amboynensis*, Watson, Prelim. Report, pt. 20, Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., vol. xvii. p. 330.

October 6, 1874. Amboina. 15 to 25 fathoms.

*Shell*.—Small, oblong, truncated at the top and a little so in front, with whorls sharply and expressedly angulated above, and very faintly spiralled, a channelled suture, a minute regularly incoiled apex, a shortish, oblique, toothed, and feebly furrowed pillar, and a small mouth. *Sculpture*: Longitudinals—the lines of growth are barely visible. Spirals—a little way below the middle a minute and very shallow furrow is found; below this, at about five times the breadth of the furrow, is another similar, then at half the distance below is another furrow, after which others succeed, becoming more crowded and slightly stronger on to the point of the shell; above there are none of these furrows, only round the top of the whorls runs a sharp keel expressed by a rounded furrow on its outer side and by a deeper and stronger furrow on its inner side. *Colour* translucent glossy white. *Whorls* 3½. *Mouth* barely the length of the shell, narrow, straight, small, enlarging