

2. *Trochus (Clanculus) clangulus*, Wood.

*Trochus clangulus*, Wood, 1828, Ind. Test. Suppl. (ed. Hanley), p. 221, pl. v. fig. 31.

„ „ Philippi in Conch. Cab. (ed. Küster), p. 239, sp. 304, pl. xxxvi. fig. 8.

*Trochus floridus*, Philippi in Menke's Zeitschr., 1849, p. 156, and in Conch. Cab. (ed. Küster), p. 243, pl. 36, fig. 15.

*Clanculus floridus*, A. Adams, Monog. Trochid., Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond., 1851, p. 158, sp. 5.

*Trochus clangulus*, Fischer in Kiener's Iconog., p. 234, No. 123, pl. lxxxii. fig. 1.

April 17–18, 1874. Port Jackson, Sydney. 2 to 10 fathoms.

May 1874. Port Jackson, Sydney. 6 to 7 fathoms.

*Habitat.*—Australia, New South Wales (Fischer), Tasmania (Brit. Mus.)

That this species, which is conical, fairly angulated, and has a pervious umbilicus, should be classed by Adams as a *Clanculus*, of which he says in his diagnosis that the “shell is conoidal or turbinate, axis imperforate” while the “columella forms a false umbilicus,” is a fact somewhat striking, but far from unexampled in the history of generic subdivision. For myself, I simply quote Adams here as elsewhere for these sub-genera, leaving the responsibility of them on those who admire them. Dr Fischer quotes Mr Angas as having supplied him with numerous specimens of this species from New South Wales, but I have failed to find the species in any of that author's Australian lists.

3. *Trochus (Clanculus) homalomphalus*, A. Adams.

*Clanculus omalomphalus*, A. Ad., Monog. Trochid., Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond., 1851, p. 162, sp. 44.

„ „ Adams, Genera, vol. i. p. 416.

„ „ Angas, Port Jackson Moll., Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond., 1867, p. 214, No. 178.

*Trochus homalomphalus*, Fischer in Kiener's Iconog., p. 235, sp. 124, pl. lxxxii. fig. 2.

April 17–18, 1874. Port Jackson, Sydney. 2 to 10 fathoms.

April 23, 1874. Port Jackson, Sydney. 6 to 15 fathoms.

May 1874. Port Jackson, Sydney. 6 to 7 fathoms.

*Habitat.*—Port Jackson, Sydney (Angas).

The spelling of this name as given by Fischer probably represents what Adams meant to convey, viz., the smoothness of the umbilicus, a feature one would hardly expect in a genus defined by the Messrs Adams (see Genera, vol. i. p. 415) as having the “axis imperforate” and the columella “forming a false umbilicus with a crenate margin.” The periphery, too, so far from being rounded, is very sharply angulated, and the shell is distinctly conical. In this and other cases I simply follow the classification, which some persons seem to find useful, however little so it seems to myself.

4. *Trochus (Clanculus) maugeri*, Wood.

*Trochus Maugeri*, Wood, Ind. Test. Suppl. (ed. Hanley), p. 220, pl. v. fig. 27.

„ „ Philippi in Conch. Cab. (ed. Küster), p. 240, sp. 305, pl. xxxvi. fig. 9.

*Clanculus Maugeri*, A. Adams, Monog. Trochid., Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond., 1851, p. 158, sp. 4.

„ „ Angas, Port Jackson Moll., Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond., 1867, p. 214, No. 176.

*Trochus Maugeri*, Fischer in Kiener's Iconog., p. 218, sp. 113, pl. lxxxii. fig. 1.

April 17–18, 1874. Port Jackson, Sydney. 2 to 10 fathoms.