Tellina (Angulus) valtonis, Hanley.

Tellina valtonis, Hanley, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond., 1844, p. 143.

Tellina valtonis, Hanley, in Sowerby's Thesaurus, vol. i. p. 283, pl. lvii. fig. 68.

Tellina valtonis, Sowerby, Conch. Icon., vol. xvii. fig. 82 (narrow var.).

Tellina (Angulus) valtonis, Römer, Monogr. Conch.-Cab., ed. 2, p. 159.

Habitat.—Levuka, Fiji Islands, in shallow water.

The locality of this species has not previously been recorded. The pallial sinus is very large, reaching almost to the anterior scar. The line circumscribing it at first rises some distance from the lower end of the hinder cicatrix, then descends obliquely and more or less rectilinearly below the front scar, and finally falls subperpendicularly into the pallial line beneath. The single specimen in the national collection is of a very pale pink tint, whilst that obtained by the Challenger is very much deeper in tone, but the pale rays at the posterior end are more conspicuous in the former than the latter.

Tellina vernalis of Hanley is closely allied to this species, being similarly sculptured and very like in colour, except that the posterior pale rays are wanting. It is, however, broader at the anterior end, and less acuminate behind. The hinge and pallial sinus are the same.

Tellina (Angulus) lux, Hanley, var.

Tellina lux, Hanley, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond., 1844, p. 140.

Tellina lux, Hanley, Sowerby's Thesaurus, vol. i. p. 288, pl. lvii. fig. 71.

Tellina lux, Sowerby, Conch. Icon., vol. xvii. fig. 286.

Tellina (Angulus) lux, H. and A. Adams, Genera Rec. Moll., vol. ii. p. 397.

Tellina (Angulus) lux, Römer, Conch.-Cab., ed. 2, p. 159.

Habitat.—Station 189, Arafura Sea, in 25 to 29 fathoms, and Torres Strait, in 8 to 11 fathoms (Challenger); Philippine Islands (Cuming).

The shells from the first two localities are not quite identical in form or colour with that figured by Hanley, but still, I have no doubt, belong to this species. The front dorsal slope is not quite so oblique, the posterior scarcely so concave, and the hinder side-margin is rather more arcuate. They are of a pinkish-white tint, with a pale pink ray posteriorly. Tellina valtonis is very closely related to this species, having the same hinge-dentition and pallial sinus, and distinguished principally by a slight difference of form at the hinder extremity.

Tellina (Angulus) natalensis, Krauss.

Tellina natalensis, Krauss, Südafr. Moll., p. 3.

Tellina natalensis, Philippi, Abbild., vol. ii. p. 91, pl. iv. fig. 4.

Tellina natalensis, Sowerby, Conch. Icon., vol. xvii. fig. 280, a, b.

Tellina natalensis, Römer, Monogr. Conch. Cab., ed. 2, p. 161.

Habitat.—Simon's Bay, Cape of Good Hope, in 15 to 20 fathoms