2. Catenaria, Savigny.

Cutenaria (pars), Savigny, 1811 (on Plates); (pars), d'Orb., Palæont. Franç., p. 42, 1850-1852. Eucratea (pars), Audouin (nec Lamx., Blainv.). Alysidium (pars), Bk., Brit. Mus. Cat., 1852.

Character.—Zoarium erect or free, dichotomously branched; the zoœcium at each bifurcation single. Zoœcia elongate, subtubular or trumpet-shaped, without a frontal aperture. Mouth orbicular or semi-orbicular. Avicularia present or absent.

The typical species I have assumed for this genus is the *Eucratea lafontii* of Audouin (Savigny, Egypte, pl. xiii. fig. 2).

(1) Catenaria attenuata, n. sp. (Pl. II. fig. 1).

Character.—Zoarium extremely delicate, laxly spreading. Zoœcia very long, slender, tubular below, trumpet-shaped above. Orifice large arcuate; lower lip entire, straight. Avicularia, 0. Oœcia (?).

Habitat.—Station 151, off Heard Island, 75 fathoms, volcanic mud.

(2) Catenaria bicornis, n. sp. (Pl. II. fig. 2).

Character.—Zoarium plumose, very delicate. Zoœcia tubular below, ventricose and ovate or subglobular above. Surface highly polished. Front occupied almost entirely by an oval bordered area (not membranous), in which is a median pore immediately below the mouth, and several others arranged in a crescentic series on each side; all the pores surrounded by a thickened border. Orifice semicircular; lower lip straight, entire. A retrocedent sessile avicularium behind each upper angle. Oœcium galeriform, ofty, terminal.

Habitat.—Station 280, lat. 18° 40′ S., long. 149° 52′ W., 1940 fathoms, Globigerina ooze.

(3) Catenaria diaphana, Busk (Pl. II. fig. 3).

Scruparia diaphana, Bk., Quart. Journ. Micr. Sci., vol. viii. p. 281, pl. xxxi. figs. 1, 1a.

Character.—Zoarium irregularly ramose. Zoœcia pyriform, elongated; anterior wall sparsely punctured, with a slender continuous vitta (?) on each side. Orifice orbicular, slightly sinuated below. Peristome thin, subtubular, entire.

Habitat.—St. Paul's Rocks, North Atlantic, shallow water.

[Madeira, J. Y. J.]

In the description of Scruparia diaphana (loc. cit.), the peristome is stated to be notched above, but this defective condition appears to be only occasional.