

PLATE X.

The lettering is the same in all the figures.

<i>a</i> Acontia.	<i>k</i> Wall.	<i>p</i> Filamentous apparatus of the oovicells.
<i>b</i> Mesenteric filaments.	<i>l</i> Pedal disk.	<i>p</i> ¹ Process of the oovicell.
<i>c</i> Stomata in the septa.	<i>m</i> Muscles.	<i>p</i> ² Apical set of epithelial cells.
<i>s</i> ¹ Perioral stomata.	<i>mm</i> Mesodermal muscles.	<i>r</i> Marginal spherules.
<i>c</i> ² Marginal stomata.	<i>ml</i> Longitudinal muscles of the septa.	<i>rh</i> Directive septa.
<i>cu</i> Cuticle.	<i>ml</i> ¹ Retractor.	<i>s</i> Oesophagus.
<i>d</i> Glandular streaks of the mesenteric filaments.	<i>mp</i> Parietobasilar muscle.	<i>so</i> Openings of the oesophagus into the radial chambers.
<i>e</i> Ciliated streaks of the mesenteric filaments.	<i>mt</i> Transverse muscles.	<i>sr</i> Oesophageal grooves.
<i>ek</i> Ectoderm.	<i>mr</i> Radial muscles of the oral disk and longitudinal muscles of the tentacles.	<i>sz</i> Lappets of the oesophagus.
<i>en</i> Endoderm.	<i>ms</i> Circular muscle of the wall.	<i>t</i> Tentacles and the openings homologous with them.
<i>g</i> Reproductive organs.	<i>mc</i> Mesoderm.	<i>t</i> ¹ Principal tentacles.
<i>h</i> Septa. <i>rh</i> Directive septa.	<i>n</i> Urticating cells.	<i>t</i> ² Accessory tentacles.
<i>i</i> Oral disk.	<i>o</i> Ovicells.	<i>v</i> Openings of the pedal disk.

All statements given as to magnifying powers have reference to Zeiss's system.

The magnifying powers amount to

	Oc. 1.	Oc. 2.		Oc. 1.	Oc. 2.
<i>a</i> ¹ 6 10 D 195 240					
A 55 70 F 410 550					
C 95 125 J 470 580					

A with unscrewed front lens (unscr. *A*) magnifies with Oc. 1 : 30 times; with Oc. 2 : 40 times.

Ophiodiscus annulatus (figs. 1-10).

Fig. 1. A portion of the animal, seen from the side; magnified a little.

Fig. 2. Transverse section through a tentacle near the base. Unscr. *A*, Oc. 2.

Fig. 3. A portion of the animal seen from the oral side; natural size.

Fig. 4. A principal septum with the two adjoining genital septa; magnified a little.

Fig. 5. Transverse section through the oral disk at the insertion of a septum. *A*, Oc. 2.

Fig. 6. Transverse sections through different parts of the circular muscle: *a* through the upper part, *δ* through the lower end. Unscr. *A*, Oc. 2.

Fig. 7. Portions of the circular muscle, more highly magnified; *α* from the upper, *β* from the lower end. *D*, Oc. 2.

Fig. 8. Pseudo-tentacle, slightly magnified.

Fig. 9. Some terminal branches of the pseudo-tentacle, ten times the natural size.

Fig. 10. Longitudinal section through a branch of the pseudo-tentacle. *J*, Oc. 1; and reduced one half.

Antholoba reticulata (figs. 11 and 12).

Fig. 11. Transverse section through the circular muscle. *D*, Oc. 2.

Fig. 12. Transverse section through the oral disk. *C*, Oc. 1.