Table of Species of Ophiactis—continued.

Disk scales thick and swollen: upper arm plates wide, transverse oval, not swollen. Side mouth shields making a connected ring. Four or five stout but not swollen arm spines. Small disk spines,
Differs from Ophiactis simplex in wanting disk spines; in radial shields scarcely to be distinguished from scales (which are less imbricated than in simplex) Ophiactis arenosa. and in more oval upper arm plates,
Disk scaling coarse, and with few or no spines. Three or four stout, blunt, tapering arm spines. Two or three mouth papillæ on each side. Teeth lobed,
Disk without spines, and covered with thick, rounded scales, whereof the largest are near the radial shields. Two small tentacle scales, } Ophiactis pectorale.
Disk scales coarse, and set with numerous short spines. Radial shields short and triangular. Four stout, cylindrical, tapering arm spines. One mouth papilla on each side. Five arms,
Mouth shields very wide and short. Always one mouth papilla on each side, four to five stout smooth long arm spines, usually blunt and tapering, but sometimes the upper ones much swollen; middle ones longest. Disk scales coarse above and below with variable number of spines. Radial shields larger than in the type Ophiactis balli,
Large (disk 11-12 mm.) nearly black. Four arm spines; upper one longest. Radial shields shagreened, small, and rudely diverging. Under arm plates curved without and within; re-enteringly curved on sides. Upper arm plates truncated fan shape,
Five short, smooth, tapering arm spines. Disk scales smooth and rather fine. Upper arm plates rounded fan shape, not swollen. One mouth papilla on each side,
Disk finely scaled, and set with short, minute spines. Radial shields small and pear-seed shaped. Four moderately stout tapering arm spines, the uppermost longest. Two or three minute mouth papillæ on each side. Seven arms,
Disk scales coarse and thick, with large radial shields; no spines except a few near the margin. Four rather long and slender arm spines, the upper one longest. Two mouth papillæ on each side,
Disk scales larger in centre, where primary plates may be distinguished in a rosette; no spines, or only an occasional minute one on the margin. Three or four rather long and tapering arm spines Two mouth papillæ on each side,
Four long, rather slender arm spines. Many strong disk spines. Disk scales thick and somewhat irregular. Two mouth papillæ on each side. Ophiactis abyssicola.
Structure more delicate. One mouth papilla. Radial shields very small. Disk scales small, fine and regular. Four arm spines about as large as in Ophiactis asperula. Upper arm plates clean, transverse oval,