

Table of Species of *Ophioglypha*—continued.

<p>Disk high and arched. Arms short and thick, not more than twice diameter of disk. Basal side arm plates meeting neither above nor below. (Type of <i>Ophioglypha nodosa</i>.)</p>	<p>Six arms. No arm comb. Radial shields almost wholly covered by fine smooth scaling of disk. Upper arm plates with numerous supplementary scales on either side,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha hexactis</i>.</p>
	<p>Three rudimentary arm spines. Under arm plates squarish, with rounded corners,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha nodosa</i>.</p>
	<p>Eight short, papilla-like, unequal arm spines. Under arm plates 4-sided, with curved lateral sides. They are marked with short furrows,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha sculpta</i>.</p>
	<p>Eleven very short, papilla-like, unequal spines; besides which some plates bear long supplementary spines on their sides. Under arm plates 4-sided, with lateral sides curved,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha sladeni</i>.</p>
	<p>Disk covered by small scales, and small sunken radial shields. Arm spines minute like flat papillæ, and fitting into little notches in inner edge of the succeeding side arm plate,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha striata</i>.</p>
	<p>Under arm plates with a raised keel. Seven tentacle scales and arm spines which are similar, continuous, and rudimentary. Arm comb papillæ minute and blunt,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha stuwitzii</i>.</p>
<p>Disk high. Basal under arm plates about as long as broad. Arms high and rounded, with very short spines. Side arm plates not meeting below within disk. Side mouth shields small, and at inner point of mouth shield. Many tentacle scales. (Type of <i>Ophioglypha bullata</i>.)</p>	<p>Under arm plates with a raised keel. Five spaced arm spines. Papillæ of arm comb sharp and slender,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha elevata</i>.</p>
	<p>Interbrachial space below, covered almost entirely by the large mouth shields and genital scales. { Three minute, evenly spaced arm spines. Disk scales above rounded and of various sizes, with large marginal plates,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha bullata</i>.</p>
	<p>Interbrachial space below, covered almost entirely by the large mouth shields and genital scales. { Three small tapering arm spines. Disk covered above by a rosette of large angular primary plates, radial shields, and a few large interbrachial plates,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha convexa</i>.</p>
	<p>Mouth shield and genital scales large and conspicuous, but not covering the central margin of the interbrachial space. { Six minute arm spines. First under arm plate broader than long; those beyond longer than broad. Radial shields separated within by a cluster of large scales,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha sculptilis</i>.</p>
	<p>Mouth shield and genital scales large and conspicuous, but not covering the central margin of the interbrachial space. { Four or five minute arm spines. Under arm plates longer than broad. Radial shields separated at inner ends by a single scale,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha variabilis</i>.</p>
	<p>Mouth shield and genital scales large and conspicuous, but not covering the central margin of the interbrachial space. { Three or four minute, widely spaced arm spines. Mouth shield trefoil, with a pointed lobe inward,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha ornata</i>.</p>
	<p>Mouth shield and genital scales large and conspicuous, but not covering the central margin of the interbrachial space. { Three minute arm spines, high up. Radial shields rounded, separated by one scale within. One large marginal plate with small scales about it,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha lacazei</i>.</p>
	<p>Three minute arm spines. Disk covered by small irregular scales, small separated radial shields, and very large mouth shields,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha lienosa</i>.</p>
	<p>Two minute arm spines. Mouth shield trefoil. Under arm plates axe-shape. Radial shields small and rounded,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha radiata</i>.</p>
	<p>Four minute, blunt, arm spines. Disk plates rough and lumpy, with rosette of large primaries. Under arm plates pentagonal,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha undata</i>.</p>
<p>Eleven short, pointed, close-set arm spines. Mouth shields trefoil. Under arm plates squarish. About eight tentacle scales to each pore within the disk,</p>	<p><i>Ophioglypha lapidaria</i>.</p>	