

PLATE XLI.

Figures and Details of Spines (figs. 1-53), p. 14.

- Fig. 1-6. *Periaster limicola*.
- „ 7, 8. *Aërope rostrata*.
- „ 9, 10. *Echinolampas oviformis*.
- „ 11, 12. *Eupatagus valenciennesi*.
- „ 13-16. *Aceste bellidifera*.
- „ 17-20. *Maretia planulata*.
- „ 21, 22. *Hemiaster cavernosus*.
- „ 23-27. *Cystechinus wyvillii*.
- „ 28, 29. *Palæotropus loveni*.
- „ 30, 31. *Echinocrepis cuneata*.

- Fig. 32-35. *Argopatagus vitreus*.
- „ 36, 37. *Cystechinus vesica*.
- „ 38, 39. *Genicopatagus affinis*.
- „ 40. *Spatagocystis challenger*.
- „ 41-43. *Cionobrissus revinctus*.
- „ 44-46. *Pourtalesia ceratopyga*.
- „ 47, 48. *Pourtalesia hispida*.
- „ 49-52. *Pourtalesia carinata*.
- „ 53. *Pourtalesia laguncula*.

PLATE XLII.

PEDICELLARIAE (figs. 1-28).

- Fig. 1. *Dorocidaris bracteata*, short, long-stemmed ambulacral pedicellaria.
- „ 2. *Goniocidaris florigera*, slender-headed, long-stemmed pedicellaria.
- „ 3. „ „ globular-headed, short-stemmed abactinal pedicellaria.
- „ 4. *Aspidodiadema tonsum*, globular-headed, short-stemmed abactinal pedicellaria.
- „ 5. „ „ long-headed, long-stemmed pedicellaria.
- „ 6. „ „ magnified part of short interambulacral spines.
- „ 7. *Phormosoma tenue*, one of the long-headed, long-stemmed pedicellariæ.
- „ 8. *Asthenosoma grubii*, globular-headed, short-stemmed pedicellaria.
- „ 9. „ „ long-headed, long-stemmed pedicellaria.
- „ 10. *Spatagocystis challenger*, large-headed pedicellaria (Pl. XLV. fig. 39).
- „ 11. „ „ short-headed, toothed, cup-pronged pedicellaria (Pl. XLV. fig. 43).
- „ 12. *Spatagocystis challenger*, small-based, long-pronged pedicellaria (Pl. XLV. fig. 12).
- „ 13. *Cystechinus wyvillii*, large-headed pedicellaria (Pl. XLV. fig. 28).
- „ 14. „ „ extremity of rod supporting same.
- „ 15. *Cystechinus clypeatus*, small large-headed pedicellaria (Pl. XLV. figs. 30, 31).
- „ 16. „ „ end view of same.