

- Fig. 2. Same, seen in profile.
 „ 3. Magnified portion of the posterior extremity, denuded, seen in profile.
 „ 4. Anal snout, seen from the actinal side, denuded.
 „ 5. Anal snout, seen from the abactinal side, covered with spines.
 „ 6. Anal extremity, showing snout, and the connection of intestine with anal system.
 „ 7. End view of the anal snout.
 „ 8. Actinal groove and portion of actinal surface surrounding it, covered with spines.
 „ 9. Interior view of actinostome, with adjoining plates, forming the actinal groove.
 „ 10. Actinal edge of actinal groove, showing the plates adjoining it.
 „ 11. Profile of actinal groove, seen from the interior.
 „ 12. Abactinal system denuded.
 „ 13. Interior view of abactinal part of test, with genital organs.
 „ 14. Interior view of apical part of lateral anterior ambulacra.
 „ 15. Large primary spines of the rounded keel, forming edges of anterior part of test.

PLATE XXIX.

Urechinus naresianus, A. Ag. (figs. 1-4), p. 146.

- Fig. 1. Seen from the abactinal side of the test.
 „ 2. Same, seen in profile.
 „ 3. Same, seen from the actinal side.
 „ 4. Same, seen facing the anal extremity.

Cystechinus wyvillii, A. Ag. (figs. 5-8), p. 152.

- „ 5. Seen in profile.
 „ 6. Same, seen facing the odd anterior ambulacrum.
 „ 7. Same, seen from the abactinal side.
 „ 8. Same, seen from the actinal side.

All figures natural size.

PLATE XXIX^a.

Cystechinus wyvillii, A. Ag. (figs. 1-20), p. 152.

- Fig. 1. Young specimen, measuring 16 mm., seen from the abactinal side.
 „ 2. Same, seen from the anal extremity.
 „ 3. Same, seen from the actinal side.
 „ 4. Same, seen in profile.