Fig. 11. Same, seen facing the anterior extremity.

All figures natural size.

PLATE XXVIa.

Spatagocystis challengeri, A. Ag. (figs. 1-17), p. 141.

- Fig. 1. Interior view, showing course of alimentary canal, seen from the actinal side.
- " 2. Portion of test showing the arrangement of the plates surrounding the right anterior part of the actinal surface, magnified.
- " 3. Magnified view of actinal groove, covered with spines.
- " 4. Actinal view of part of the test, showing the arrangement of the plates along the median part of the actinal surface, and posterior part of the actinal groove.
- " 5. Interior view of the pouch forming the anal system.
- " 6. Interior profile view of pouch, and termination of intestine in the posterior end of the pouch.
- ,, 7. Abactinal view of anal snout; test projecting over this removed.
- " 8. Magnified view of abactinal system and surrounding plates.
- 9. Interior view of apical part of lateral anterior and posterior ambulacra, and the enclosed lateral interambulacrum and adjoining ambulacrum.
- 10. Interior view of part of the abactinal median ridge (the pores should be in the outer plates); the median rows of plates are the interambulacral plates. See fig. 17.
- " 11. Interior view of the posterior part of the actinal surface, showing the course of the lateral posterior ambulacra, and arrangement of the plates forming the base of the anal snout.
- ., 12. Same, seen from the actinal side, showing the large tuberculation forming the keel of the actinal plastron.
- ,, 13. Profile view of anal snout.
- " 14. Exterior view of part of test of anterior lateral ambulacra and adjoining interambulacra, showing the uniformity of the tuberculation.
- show the tuberculation, the other to show the arrangement of the plates and course of the ambulacral pores.
- arrangement of the plates and course of the lateral posterior ambulacral tubes.

 Fig. 1, natural size; all others somewhat magnified.