		×		Range in Depth and Principal Localities.
Metalia, Gray. × M. maculosa, A. Ag., M. stornalis, Gray,	•			 Kingsmills, Navigator, Society, and Sandwich Islands; *Station 188, 28 fathoms (African-Indian-Pacific). New Caledonia, Navigator, Society, and Sandwich Islands (African-Indian-Pacific).
Linthia, Mer. L. rostrata, Smith,	•	•		Pacific Islands.
Faorina, Gray. F. chinensis, Gray,	**	•	•	Sandwich Islands.
Schizaster, Agass. S. japonicus, A. Ag., S. ventricosus, Gray,	•	•	:•:	×Station 188, 28 fathoms. Pelew and Fiji Islands (Indian-Pacific).
Periaster, D'Orb. ⊕P. limicola, A. Ag.,	20 5 5) * 8	•		×Station 188, 28 fathoms (Atlantic).
Moiropsis, A. Ag. *M. claudicans, A. Ag.,	•	•	*.•;	×Station 192, 129 fathoms.

The list of species marked here as Pacific includes not only the strictly littoral Pacific species, but also the Indo-Pacific species, and such Indo-African species as encroach to the eastward upon the southern boundary of the Chinese and Japanese districts, the westward boundary of the Pacific, and the northern limits of the Australian realm.

Of the species collected by the Challenger there have only been found among the littoral species Rhinobrissus hemiasteroides, Schizaster japonicus and Moiropsis claudicans which were not previously known. Of these Schizaster japonicus is probably a Japanese and Chinese species, while Moiropsis claudicans, and perhaps Schizaster japonicus may be East Indian species which find their south-eastern limits at the western edge of the Pacific district.

The range of Astropyga pulvinata, Brissopsis luzonica, Strongylocentrotus eurythogrammus (an Australian species), of Cælopleurus maillardi (an East Indian species), of Pleurechinus bothyryoides, Pseudoboletia indiana, Salmacis dussumieri, S. globator (Australian), Salmacis rarispina (Indian), Evechinus chloroticus (a New Zealand species), Laganum putnami, Maretia alta, Temnopleurus hardwicki, Temnopleurus reynaudi (Japan and China species), Lovenia elongata (Sandwich Islands), and Metalia maculosa have been greatly extended, while Echinus acutus is another eminently Atlantic species which has found its way far into the Pacific to the Kermadec Islands, and Dorocidaris papillata and Echinus elegans to the Philippine Islands.

As probably representative continental species of the Pacific we must class Dorocidaris bracteata, Asthenosoma gracile, A. pellucidum, A. grubii, Catopygus recens, and Linopneustes murrayi; as probably continental representatives of the East Indian fauna, Cottaldia forbesiana, Podocidaris prionigera, and Micropyga tuberculata; of