Sophora tomentosa, Linn.

Sophora tomentosa, Linn.; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 1, p. 124; Seem., Fl. Vit., p. 66; Benth., Fl. Austr., ii. p. 274; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., ii. p. 249; Nadeaud, Enum. Pl. Tahiti, p. 81; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 203.

ARROU; TIMOR LAUT.—A generally diffused tree on tropical sea-coasts, extending into some subtropical regions. It is common on the sea-beach of many of the Pacific Islands, though not reaching the Marquesas or Sandwich Islands, where it is replaced by other species. Nadeaud notes that it is common, especially on coral islands; and Seemann states that it is common on the sea-beach throughout the Fijis. In the Atlantic it extends to the Bermudas. The genus comprises between twenty and thirty species, spread over the warmer regions of both hemispheres. Several of the species have a wide geographical area, including Sophora tetraptera, which is widely spread in the south temperate zone; particulars of its distribution will be found on page 32 of this Part.

CÆSALPINIEÆ.

Peltophorum ferrugineum, Benth.

Peltophorum ferrugineum, Benth., Fl. Austr., ii. p. 279; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., ii. p. 257. Cæsalpinia ferruginea, Done.; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 1, p. 111.

DAMMAR; TIMOR LAUT.—North Australia to the Philippines and Singapore, Malacca, and the Andamans. The genus consists of about five species, two of which are American, and one African.

Cæsalpinia nuga, Ait.

Casalpinia nuga, Ait.; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 1, p. 108; Benth., Fl. Austr., ii. p. 277; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., ii. p. 255; Seem., Fl. Vit., p. 66.

TIMOR LAUT.—Northern Australia and New Hebrides to the Philippines, Southern China, and nearly the whole of Tropical India. The genus is a considerable one, and generally spread over the tropics.

Cæsalpinia pulcherrima, Swartz.

Cæsalpinia pulcherrima, Swartz; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 1, p. 111; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., ii. p. 255; Oliver, Fl. Trop. Afr., ii. p. 262; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 205.

TIMOR LAUT.—This handsome tree is cultivated and more or less wild in nearly all tropical countries, except Australia, and it is uncertain where it is really indigenous, though probably in some part of the Old World.

Cæsalpinia bonducella, Fleming.

Cæsalpinia bonducella, Fleming; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind., ii. p. 254; Oliver, Fl. Trop. Afr., ii. p. 262; Seem., Fl. Vit., p. 66.

Guilandina bonducella, Linn.; Benth., Fl. Austr., ii. p. 276; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 204; Nadeaud, Enum. Pl. Tahiti, p. 81.

Guilandina bonduc, Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., i. 1, p. 113, partim.