

**Lophocolea inconspicua, Mitt.**

*Lophocolea inconspicua*, Mitt. in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xv. p. 64.

TRISTAN DA CUNHA.—Endemic. On the earth amongst mosses, chiefly *Bryum megalacrion*—*Moseley*.

A very small, dull, olive-brown coloured species; it appears to belong to that group of the *Lophocolea* which have bidentate leaves on some portions of their stems, but with the leaves near the perianth entire.

**Chiloscyphus lucidus, Mitt.**

*Chiloscyphus lucidus*, Mitt. in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xv. p. 64.

TRISTAN DA CUNHA.—Endemic. Growing on the earth amongst moss—*Moseley*.

This in foliage resembles many species of *Lophocolea* which are generally similar to the European *Lophocolea bidentata*, but its perianth is borne on a lateral branch, and is of small size, its apex subtruncate, and there it is trigonous, below it is terete.

**Lepidozia procumbens, Mitt.**

*Lepidozia procumbens*, Mitt. in Melliss's St Helena, p. 369.

TRISTAN DA CUNHA.—Endemic. Only collected by MacGillivray and Milne.

**Lejeunia parasitica, Tayl.**

*Lejeunia parasitica*, Tayl. in Hook. Lond. Journ. Bot. 1884, p. 477; G. L. N., Synop. Hepat., p. 377.

TRISTAN DA CUNHA.—In very small quantity creeping on *Grimmia membranacea*—*Moseley*.

It appears to be the same as the species collected in the Falkland, Lord Auckland, and Campbell Islands.

**Pallavicinius procumbens, Mitt.?**

*Diplolæna procumbens*, Tayl.? in Hook. Lond. Journ. Bot. 1845, p. 93; G. L. N., Synop. Hepat., p. 477 (*Blyttia*).

TRISTAN DA CUNHA. *Moseley*.

Barren fronds of this or some very nearly allied species were found creeping amongst *Bryum megalacrion*.

Previously only known from St Helena.