

URTICACEÆ.

Ficus noronhæ, Oliver.

Ficus noronhæ, Oliver, n. sp.

Arbor glabra, ramis crassis angulatis. *Folia petiolata*, tenuiter coriacea, obovato-elliptica vel elliptica, 3–6 poll. longa, apice obtusa [obtusissima vel rotundata], basi obtusa vel anguste cordata, integerrima, glaberrima, nervo medio subtus prominente, venis primariis lateralibus utrinque 6–7; petiolus [incrassatus] 3–12 lineas longus; stipulæ caducæ, oblongo-lanceolatæ, longe acuminatæ, acutæ, 1–1½ poll. longæ. *Receptacula* depresso-globosa, 6–9 lineas diametro, glabra, lævia, sessilia, solitaria, bracteis 2–3 basalibus coriaceis late rotundatis instructa [juniora geminata bracteis plurimis omnino involventia]. *Flores* stipitati vel sessiles; perianthii segmenta concava, obtusa; stigma, ut videtur, bifidum, papillosum."—Hook., Ic. Pl., xiii. p. 18, t. 1222. Descriptio parum mutata.

ST MICHAEL'S MOUNT. All over the upper part of the rock—*Moseley*.

MONOCOTYLEDONES.

CYPERACEÆ.

Cyperus ligularis, Linn.

Cyperus ligularis, Linn., Amœn. Acad., v. p. 31; Kunth, Enum., ii. p. 79; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 566.

FERNANDO-NORONHA. *Moseley*.

Tropical America and Africa.

Cyperus densiflorus, Meyer.

Cyperus densiflorus, Meyer, Fl. Esseq., p. 34; Mart., Fl. Bras., ii. 1, p. 41; Kunth, Enum., Pl. ii. p. 104.

FERNANDO-NORONHA. *Moseley*.

Brazil.

We have not seen the specimen of this species which is mentioned in the original catalogue under the name of *Cyperus schraderianus*, Mart., which Martius cites as a synonym of the above.

GRAMINEÆ.

Panicum colonum, Linn.

Panicum colonum, Linn., Sp. Pl., ed. 2, p. 84; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 545.

Oplismenus colonus, H. B. K., Nov. Gen. et Sp., i. p. 109; Kunth, Enum., i. p. 142.

FERNANDO-NORONHA. *Moseley*.

Common in all tropical countries.