Nitophyllum acrospermum, J. G. Agardh.

Nitophyllum acrospermum, J. G. Agardh, Sp. Alg., ii. p. 655; Dickie in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xiv. p. 357.

ST PAUL'S ROCKS. Moseley.

"The specimens few and not well preserved; but on some the tetraspores form a solitary circular patch near the apex of the frond, and in other respects agree with the general characters of the species."—Dickie.

Cape of Good Hope.

SQUAMARIEÆ.

Hildenbrandtia expansa, n. sp.

Hildenbrandtia expansa, n. sp., Dickie in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xiv. p. 357.

Incrustans, vage expansa, ferrugineo-sanguinea; cellulæ superficiales radiatim dispositæ, sphærosporis irregulariter divisis.

The cells of the surface have a distinctly radiate arrangement, are equal in length and breadth, in diameter = 0.0002 to 0.0004 of an inch. The plant is stated by Mr Moseley to form a dull red band on rocks above the white band of *Lithothamnion*. Its nearest ally seems to be *Hildenbrandtia rosea*, Kütz., which occurs on the Atlantic shores of Europe.

ST Paul's Rocks. Moseley.

Only known from these rocks.

CERAMIACEÆ.

Callithamnion?

Callithamnion ?,

ST PAUL'S ROCKS. Moseley.

"In small quantity, forming a slender fringe about two lines long upon a few plants of the Chnoospora; no fruit, and altogether too imperfect for recognition; it seems, however, nearly allied to Callithannion pygmæum, Kütz."—Dickie.

CHLOROSPERMEÆ.

SIPHONACEÆ.

Caulerpa webbiana, Mont.

Caulerpa webbiana, Mont., Phytogr. Canar., p. 178, t. 9, et Syll. Gen. et Sp. Crypt., p. 453; Dickie in Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., xiv. p. 358.
Chauvinia webbiana, Kütz., Sp. Alg., p. 499.

ST Paul's Rocks. Moseley.

Canary Islands; Fernando-Noronha.