

Sclerochloa rigida, Panz.

Sclerochloa rigida, Panz., in Regensb. Denkschr., ii, p. 180, ex Kunth, Enum., i, 1, p. 393.

BERMUDAS.—Introduced. *Rein*; *Moseley*; *Reade*.

Europe, Northern Africa, &c.

Poa annua, Linn.

Poa annua, Linn., Sp. Pl., ed. 1, p. 68; Chapm., Fl. Southern U.S., p. 562; Gray, Manual, ed. 5, p. 629.

BERMUDAS.—Introduced. *Moseley*; *Reade*.

A native of the Old World, now naturalised in most temperate and sub-tropical countries.

PHANEROGAMÆ.—GYMNOSPERMÆ.
CONIFERÆ.**Juniperus bermudiana, Linn. (Plate V.)**

Juniperus bermudiana, Linn., Sp. Pl., ed. 1, p. 1039; Parlat. in DC. Prodr., xvi, 2, p. 490; Hemsl. in Gard. Chron., n.s., xix, p. 656, figg. 105 et 106, et in Journ. Bot. 1883, pp. 259–261; Hook, Lond. Journ. Bot. 1843, ii, p. 141, t. 1.

Juniperus barbadensis, Linn., Sp. Pl., ed. 1, p. 1039; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 503 (*saltem pro parte*).

Juniperus barbadensis Cupressi folio, ramulis quadratis, Pluk., Almag., p. 201, et. Phytogr., t. 197, fig. 4 (*bona*).

Juniperus bermudiana, Hermann in Hort. Acad. Lugd.-Bat. Catal. 1687, pp. 345–347 (*forma juvenis foliis acicularibus sed galbuli errone valde majores descripti ac picti*).

Biota meldensis, Gord., Pinetum, p. 37, fide Parlatorei.

BERMUDAS.—Indigenous. Common throughout the islands, and the only indigenous exogenous tree. The “Cedar” of the islanders.

Also in the West Indies.

As with the indigenous palm and *Sisyrinchium*, so with this; great confusion has prevailed concerning its specific identity, it having been alternately referred to *Juniperus virginiana* and accepted as a distinct species; while other authors, Grisebach, for example, have followed Linnæus and endeavoured to distinguish *Juniperus bermudiana* from *Juniperus barbadensis*. Even now we are unable to give any definite information on its distribution in the West Indies, and we are not absolutely sure that the same form occurs there. Until recently we were of the opinion that *Juniperus bermudiana* was endemic in the Bermudas; but after examining specimens in the Sloane Herbarium in the British Museum, purporting to have come from Jamaica and the Barbados, we have no doubt that they are the same; and the authenticity of their origin is in some measure confirmed by a packet of berries lately received from Jamaica, for they seem to belong to *Juniperus*